UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

🗵 QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 1-11316

OMEGA HEALTHCARE

INVESTORS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State of incorporation)

200 International Circle, Suite 3500, Hunt Valley, MD 21030 (Address of principal executive offices)

(410) 427-1700

(Telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one:)

Large accelerated filer 🗵

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

No 🗆

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes 🗵

Yes 🛛 🛛 No 🗵

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of July 29, 2011.

Common Stock, \$.10 par value (Class)

103,097,397 (Number of shares)

38-3041398 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. FORM 10-Q March 31, 2011

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Item 1 - Financial Statements

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except per share amounts)

		June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)		ecember 31, 2010
ASSETS	,	,		
Real estate properties				
Land and buildings	\$	2,339,689	\$	2,366,856
Less accumulated depreciation		(420,651)		(380,995)
Real estate properties – net		1,919,038		1,985,861
Mortgage notes receivable – net		113,202		108,557
		2,032,240		2,094,418
Other investments – net		29,278		28,735
		2,061,518		2,123,153
Assets held for sale – net		811		670
Total investments		2,062,329		2,123,823
				, ,
Cash and cash equivalents		4,996		6,921
Restricted cash		20,609		22,399
Accounts receivable – net		94,315		92,819
Other assets		58,455		57,172
Operating assets for owned and operated properties		275		873
Total assets	\$	2,240,979	\$	2,304,007
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Revolving line of credit	\$	53,000	\$	—
Secured borrowings		199,454		201,296
Unsecured borrowings – net		975,477		975,669
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		110,487		121,859
Operating liabilities for owned and operated properties		472		1,117
Total liabilities		1,338,890		1,299,941
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock issued and outstanding – 4,340 shares				
Series D with an aggregate liquidation preference				
of \$108,488 as of December 31, 2010		—		108,488
Common stock \$.10 par value authorized – 200,000 shares				
issued and outstanding – 102,624 shares as of June 30, 2011				
and 99,233 as of December 31, 2010		10,262		9,923
Common stock – additional paid-in-capital		1,452,935		1,376,131
Cumulative net earnings		592,701		580,824
Cumulative dividends paid		(1,153,809)		(1,071,300)
Total stockholders' equity	_	902,089		1,004,066
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,240,979	\$	2,304,007
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See notes to consolidated financial statements.

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS Unaudited (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2011	,	2010		2011		2010		
Revenue										
Rental income	\$	68,487	\$	51,520	\$	134,824	\$	98,729		
Mortgage interest income		3,433		2,519		6,931		5,133		
Other investment income – net		617		1,790		1,258		2,536		
Miscellaneous		69		20		69		3,749		
Nursing home revenues of owned and operated assets		-		2,956		-		7,336		
Total operating revenues		72,606		58,805		143,082		117,483		
Expenses										
Depreciation and amortization		24,759		16,451		49,977		31,138		
General and administrative		4,930		3,672		10,156		7,382		
Acquisition costs		-		1,192		45		1,412		
Impairment on real estate properties		-		155		24,971		155		
Provisions for uncollectible mortgages, notes and accounts										
receivable		4,139		-		4,139		-		
Nursing home expenses of owned and operated assets		225		2,797		455		7,369		
Total operating expenses		34,053		24,267		89,743		47,456		
Income before other income and expense		38,553		34,538		53,339		70,027		
Other income (expense):										
Interest income		12		62		23		77		
Interest expense		(20,072)		(14,705)		(40,072)		(28,280		
Interest – amortization of deferred financing costs		(703)		(925)		(1,397)		(1,903		
Interest –refinancing costs		-		(3,461)		(16)		(3,461		
Total other expense		(20,763)		(19,029)		(41,462)		(33,567		
Net income		17,790		15,509		11,877		36,460		
Preferred stock dividends		-		(2,272)		(1,691)		(4,543		
Preferred stock redemption		16		,		(3,456)		_		
Net income available to common	\$	17,806	\$	13,237	\$	6,730	\$	31,917		
Income per common share available to common shareholders: Basic:										
Net income	\$	0.17	\$	0.14	\$	0.07	\$	0.35		
Diluted:										
Net income	\$	0.17	\$	0.14	\$	0.07	\$	0.35		
Dividends declared and paid per common share	\$	0.38	\$	0.32	\$	0.75	\$	0.64		
Weighted-average shares outstanding, basic		101,912		93,031		100,993		90,935		
Weighted-average shares outstanding, diluted		102,001		93,153		101,044		91,057		
Components of other comprehensive income										
Components of other comprehensive income: Net income	¢	17 700	¢	15 500	¢	11 077	¢	26 400		
	\$	17,790	\$	15,509	\$	11,877	\$	36,460		
Unrealized loss on other investments		-		(38)	-	-	-	-		
Total comprehensive income	\$	17,790	\$	15,471	\$	11,877	\$	36,460		

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Unaudited

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	referred Stock	Common Stock Par Value		Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Net Earnings		Cumulative Dividends	Total
	 				_			
Balance at December 31, 2010 (99,233 common shares)	\$ 108,488	\$	9,923	\$ 1,376,131	\$	580,824	\$ (1,071,300)	\$ 1,004,066
Issuance of common stock:								
Grant of restricted stock (13 shares at \$22.00 per share)	_		1	(1)			_	_
Amortization of restricted stock	_		_	2,972		_	_	2,972
Vesting of restricted stock (grants 68 shares)	_		7	(1,261)		—	_	(1,254)
Dividend reinvestment plan (1,888 shares at \$21.55 per share)	_		189	40,424		_	_	40,613
Grant of stock as payment of directors fees (3 shares at an								
average of \$21.65 per share)	—		—	74		—	—	74
Equity Shelf Program (1,419 shares at \$22.61 per share, net of								
issuance costs)	_		142	31,208		_		31,350
Preferred stock redemption	(108,488)		—	3,388		_	(3,456)	(108,556)
Net income	—		—	—		11,877		11,877
Common dividends (\$0.75 per share).	—		—	—		—	(75,848)	(75,848)
Preferred dividends (Series D of \$0.74 per share)	—		—	—		—	(3,205)	(3,205)
Balance at June 30, 2011 (102,624 common shares)	\$ _	\$	10,262	\$ 1,452,935	\$	592,701	\$ (1,153,809)	\$ 902,089

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Unaudited (in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$ 11,877	\$	36,460	
Adjustment to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	49,977		31,138	
Impairment loss on real estate properties	24,971		155	
Provisions for uncollectible accounts receivable	4,139		—	
Amortization of deferred financing and refinancing costs	1,397		5,364	
Restricted stock amortization expense	2,998		1,306	
Effective yield receivable on mortgage notes	(675)		_	
Amortization of in-place leases	(3,232)			
Gain on sale of securities			(789)	
Other	(75)		(75)	
Change in operating assets and liabilities – net of amounts assumed/acquired:			<i>((</i> - -)	
Accounts receivable, net	16		(1,381)	
Straight-line rent	(6,672)		(3,961)	
Lease inducement	1,696		(236)	
Other operating assets and liabilities	(9,218)		(1,999)	
Operating assets and liabilities for owned and operated properties	(47)		(44)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	 77,152		65,938	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of real estate – net of liabilities assumed and escrows acquired	(98)		(343,180)	
Placement of mortgage loans	(4,607)		—	
Proceeds from sale of real estate investments	_		28	
Capital improvements and funding of other investments	(8,118)		(17,003)	
Proceeds from other investments	1,747		14,549	
Investments in other investments	(2,290)		(14,356)	
Collection of mortgage principal – net	37		45	
Net cash used in investing activities	 (13,329)		(359,917)	
Cash flows from financing activities	 (-)/		(,- /	
Proceeds from credit facility borrowings	174,000		271,000	
Payments on credit facility borrowings	(121,000)		(144,100)	
Receipts of other long-term borrowings	(121,000)		196,556	
Payments of other long-term borrowings	(1,216)		(59,354)	
Payment of financing related costs	(641)		(8,824)	
Receipts from dividend reinvestment plan	40,613		27,526	
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	31,350		73,525	
Payments from exercised options and restricted stock – net	(1,254)		89	
Dividends paid	(79,044)		(62,652)	
Redemption of preferred stock	(108,556)		(02,002)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	 (65,748)		293,766	
	 (03,740)		233,700	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,925)		(213)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	 6,921		2,170	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,996	\$	1,957	
Interest paid during the period, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 38,387	\$	21,509	
Non-cash investing activities				
Assumed debt obligations	\$ —	\$	202,015	
Non-cash settlement of mortgage obligations	—		(12,395)	
Non-cash acquisition of real estate properties	_		12,395	
Stock consideration issued for acquisition	_		19,693	
Net non-cash investing activities	\$ —	\$	221,708	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Unaudited June 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business Overview

Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc. ("Omega" or the "Company") has one reportable segment consisting of investments in healthcare-related real estate properties. Our core business is to provide financing and capital to the long-term healthcare industry with a particular focus on skilled nursing facilities ("SNFs") located in the United States. Our core portfolio consists of long-term leases and mortgage agreements. All of our leases are "triple-net" leases, which require the tenants to pay all property-related expenses. Our mortgage revenue derives from fixed-rate mortgage loans, which are secured by first mortgage liens on the underlying real estate and personal property of the mortgagor.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements for Omega have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. We have evaluated all subsequent events through the date of the filing of this Form 10-Q. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the footnotes thereto included in our latest Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of (i) Omega, (ii) all direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of Omega, and (iii) TC Healthcare ("TC Healthcare"), an entity and interim operator created to operate the 15 facilities we assumed as a result of the bankruptcy of one of our former tenants/operators. Thirteen of these facilities were transitioned from TC Healthcare to a new tenant/operator on September 1, 2008. The two remaining facilities were transitioned to the new tenant/operator on June 1, 2010 upon approval by state regulators of the operating license transfer, and as of such date, TC Healthcare no longer operates these facilities. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation of the financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable includes: contractual receivables, straight-line rent receivables and lease inducements, net of an estimated provision for losses related to uncollectible and disputed accounts. Contractual receivables relates to the amounts currently owed to us under the terms of the lease agreement. Straight-line receivables relates to the difference between the rental revenue recognized on a straight-line basis and the amounts due to us contractually. Lease inducements result from value provided by us to the lessee at the inception or renewal of the lease and will be amortized as a reduction of rental revenue over the non cancellable lease term. On a quarterly basis, we review the collection of our contractual payments and determine the appropriateness of our allowance for uncollectible contractual rents. In the case of a lease recognized on a straight-line basis or existence of lease inducements, we generally provide an allowance for straight-line accounts receivable or the lease inducements when certain conditions or indicators of adverse collectability are present.



A summary of our net receivables by type is as follows:

	June 3	,	De	ecember 31,		
	2011			2010		
		(in thousands)				
Contractual receivables	\$	8,250	\$	5,354		
Straight-line receivables		68,499		62,423		
Lease inducements		24,361		29,026		
Allowance		(6,795)		(3,984)		
Accounts receivable – net	\$	94,315	\$	92,819		

During the second quarter, we entered into a master transition agreement ("2011 MTA") with one of our current lessee/operators and a third party lessee/operator to transition the facilities from the current operator to the new operator. The 2011 MTA closing is subject to receipt of healthcare regulatory approvals from several states for the operating license transfer from the current operator to the new operator. Upon closing of the 2011 MTA, the current lease will be terminated and the new operator will enter into a new twelve-year master lease for the facilities. As a result of the 2011 MTA, during the second quarter of 2011, we evaluated the recoverability of the straight-line rent and lease inducements associated with the current lease and have recorded a \$4.1 million provision for uncollectible accounts associated with straight-line receivables and lease inducements.

We continuously evaluate the payment history and financial strength of our operators and have historically established allowance reserves for straight-line rent adjustments for operators that do not meet our requirements. We consider factors such as payment history and the operator's financial condition as well as current and future anticipated operating trends when evaluating whether to establish allowance reserves.

NOTE 2 – PROPERTIES AND INVESTMENTS

In the ordinary course of our business activities, we periodically evaluate investment opportunities and extend credit to customers. We also regularly engage in lease and loan extensions and modifications. Additionally, we actively monitor and manage our investment portfolio with the objectives of improving credit quality and increasing investment returns. In connection with our portfolio management, we may engage in various collection and foreclosure activities.

If we acquire real estate pursuant to a foreclosure or bankruptcy proceeding, the assets will initially be included on the consolidated balance sheet at the lower of cost or estimated fair value (see Note 3 – Owned and Operated Assets).

Leased Property

Our leased real estate properties, represented by 370 SNFs, 10 assisted living facilities ("ALFs") and five specialty facilities at June 30, 2011, are leased under provisions of single or master leases with initial terms typically ranging from 5 to 15 years, plus renewal options. Substantially all of our leases contain provisions for specified annual increases over the rents of the prior year and are generally computed in one of three methods depending on specific provisions of each lease as follows: (i) a specific annual percentage increase over the prior year's rent, generally 2.5%; (ii) an increase based on the change in pre-determined formulas from year to year (i.e., such as increases in the Consumer Price Index ("CPI")); or (iii) specific dollar increases over prior years. Under the terms of the leases, the lessee is responsible for all maintenance, repairs, taxes and insurance on the leased properties.

Connecticut Properties

In January 2011, at our request, a complaint was filed by the State of Connecticut, Commissioner of Social Services (the "State") against the licensees/operators of four Connecticut SNFs, seeking the appointment of a receiver. The facilities were leased and operated by affiliates of FC/SCH and were managed by Genesis Healthcare, and had approximately 472 licensed beds as of March 31, 2011. The Superior Court, Judicial District of Hartford, Connecticut (the "Court") appointed a receiver.

The receiver is responsible for (i) operating the facilities and funding all operational expenses incurred after the appointment of the receiver and (ii) for providing the Court with recommendations regarding the facilities. In March 2011, the receiver moved to close all four SNFs and the Company objected. At the hearing held on April 21, 2011, the Company stated its position that the receiver failed to comply with the statutory requirements prior to recommending the facilities' closure. In addition, alternative operators expressed interest in operating several of the facilities. On April 27, 2011, the Court granted the receiver's motion and ordered the facilities closed.

The Company timely filed its notice of appeal, taking the position that the Court's Order (the "Order") is final and appealable, and erroneous. Following the Company's notice of appeal, the Company negotiated a stipulation with the State and the receiver which afforded it significant concessions. Those concessions included: (a) an agreed recognition of the Company as a secured lienholder with a priority claim, (b) an accelerated timeframe for the (i) allocation by the receiver of collected funds between pre- and post- receivership periods, and (ii) disbursement to the Company of pre-receivership funds collected, and (c) an agreement by the State that it would forego its right to seek recoupment of pre-receivership funds as reimbursement for post-receivership advances. In exchange for these concessions (among others), the Company withdrew its appeal.

As a result of these developments, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$24.4 million to reduce the carrying values of the Connecticut SNFs to their estimated fair values in the first quarter of 2011. We estimated the fair value of these facilities based on the facilities potential sales value assuming that the facilities would not be used as skilled nursing facilities.

143 Facility CapitalSource Acquisitions (December 2009 and June 2010)

In November 2009, we entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "CapitalSource Purchase Agreement") with CapitalSource Inc. ("CapitalSource") and several of its affiliates, pursuant to which we agreed to purchase CapitalSource subsidiaries owning 80 long term care facilities, plus an option to purchase CapitalSource subsidiaries owning an additional 63 facilities (the "Option"), for approximately \$858 million. We accounted for these acquisitions as business combinations.

The transactions closed in three phases: (i) on December 22, 2009, we purchased CapitalSource entities owning 40 facilities for approximately \$271 million and an option to purchase CapitalSource entities owning 63 additional facilities for \$25 million; (ii) on June 9, 2010, we completed our purchase of the 63 CapitalSource facilities pursuant to the option for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$293 million in cash, plus the \$25 million purchase option deposit, representing a total purchase price of \$318 million; and (iii) on June 29, 2010, we purchased CapitalSource entities owning 40 facilities for approximately \$271 million and paid approximately \$15 million for escrow accounts transferred to us at closing.

As of December 31, 2010, we completed our purchase price allocation for all three of these transactions. The allocation included the fair value adjustment for above-market debt assumed in the transactions as well as above and below-market in-place leases assumed. During the first six months of 2011, we amortized approximately \$0.7 million of above-market adjustments related to the assumed debt and approximately \$3.2 million of net below market in-place leases assumed from these transactions.

The facilities acquired from CapitalSource on June 9, 2010 and June 29, 2010 are included in our results of operations from the date of acquisition. The following unaudited pro forma results of operations reflect each of the CapitalSource transactions as if they occurred on January 1, 2010. In the opinion of management, all significant necessary adjustments to reflect the effect of the acquisition have been made. The following pro forma information is not indicative of future operations.

				Pro Fo	orma			
	_	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2011		2010		2011		2010
		(in t	housa	nds, except per s	hare a	amount, unaudite	ed)	
Revenues	\$	72,606	\$	73,600	\$	143,082	\$	149,240
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	17,806	\$	16,342	\$	6,730	\$	38,816
Earnings per share – diluted:	۴	0.17	۴	0.14	۴	0.07	¢	0.05
Net income available to common stockholders – as reported	\$	0.17	\$	0.14	\$	0.07	\$	0.35
Net income available to common stockholders – pro forma	\$	0.17	\$	0.17	\$	0.07	\$	0.42

Held for Sale

At June 30, 2011, we had two SNFs classified as held-for-sale with an aggregate net book value of approximately \$0.8 million.

Mortgage Notes Receivable

Our mortgage notes receivable relate to 13 long-term care facilities and two construction mortgages on two facilities currently under construction. The mortgage notes are secured by first mortgage liens on the borrowers' underlying real estate and personal property. The mortgage notes receivable relate to facilities located in four (4) states, which are operated by four (4) independent healthcare operating companies. We monitor compliance with mortgages and when necessary have initiated collection, foreclosure and other proceedings with respect to certain outstanding loans. As of June 30, 2011, none of our mortgages were in default or in foreclosure proceedings. The mortgage properties are cross-collateralized with the master lease agreement.

Mortgage interest income is recognized as earned over the terms of the related mortgage notes, using the effective yield method. Allowances are provided against earned revenues from mortgage interest when collection of amounts due becomes questionable or when negotiations for restructurings of troubled operators lead to lower expectations regarding ultimate collection. When collection is uncertain, mortgage interest income on impaired mortgage loans is recognized as received after taking into account application of security deposits.

NOTE 3 - OWNED AND OPERATED ASSETS

In November 2007, affiliates of Haven Healthcare ("Haven"), one of our former operators/lessees/mortgagors, operated under Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection. Commencing in February 2008, the assets of the Haven facilities were marketed for sale via an auction process to be conducted through proceedings established by the bankruptcy court. The auction process failed to produce a qualified buyer. As a result, and pursuant to our rights as ordered by the bankruptcy court, Haven moved the bankruptcy court to authorize us to credit bid certain of the indebtedness that it owed to us in exchange for taking ownership of and transitioning certain of its assets to a new entity in which we have a substantial ownership interest, all of which was approved by the bankruptcy court on July 4, 2008. Effective July 7, 2008, we took ownership and/or possession of 15 facilities previously operated by Haven. TC Healthcare, a new entity and an interim operator, in which we have a substantial economic interest, began operating these facilities on our behalf through an independent contractor.

On August 6, 2008, we entered into a Master Transaction Agreement ("2008 MTA") with affiliates of FC/SCH whereby FC/SCH agreed (subject to certain closing conditions, including the receipt of licensure) to lease 14 SNFs and one ALF facility under a master lease. These facilities were formerly leased to Haven.

Effective September 1, 2008, we completed the operational transfer of 12 SNFs and one ALF to affiliates of FC/SCH, in accordance with the terms of the 2008 MTA. These 13 facilities are located in Connecticut (5), Rhode Island (4), New Hampshire (3) and Massachusetts (1). As part of the transaction, Genesis has entered into a long-term management agreement with FC/SCH to oversee the day-to-day operations of each of these facilities. The two remaining facilities in Vermont, which were operated by TC Healthcare until May 31, 2010, were transferred to FC/SCH upon licensure from the state of Vermont. As a result of the transaction of the operations to FC/SCH, we no longer operate any owned and operated facilities, effective June 1, 2010. Our consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of Vermont facilities from July 7, 2008 to May 31, 2010.

Nursing home revenues and expenses, included in our consolidated financial statements that relate to such owned and operated assets are set forth in the tables below.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2011		2010		2011		2010		
			(in thous	sands)					
Nursing home revenues	\$ 	\$	2,956	\$	—	\$	7,336		
Nursing home expenses	 225		2,797		455		7,369		
(Loss) gain from nursing home operations	\$ (225)	\$	159	\$	(455)	\$	(33)		

NOTE 4 – CONCENTRATION OF RISK

As of June 30, 2011, our portfolio of real estate investments consisted of 400 healthcare facilities, located in 35 states and operated by 50 third-party operators. Our gross investment in these facilities, net of impairments and before reserve for uncollectible loans, totaled approximately \$2.5 billion at June 30, 2011, with approximately 99% of our real estate investments related to long-term care facilities. This portfolio is made up of 370 SNFs, 10 ALFs, five specialty facilities, fixed rate mortgages on 13 SNFs, and two SNFs that are held-for-sale. At June 30, 2011, we also held miscellaneous investments of approximately \$29.3 million, consisting primarily of secured loans to third-party operators of our facilities. Included in the \$29.3 million miscellaneous investments is a working capital note with an operator that is secured by the operator's accounts receivables. We have classified the note as impaired but believe that the collateral supporting the working capital note is in excess of the balance and therefore, no reserve is recorded. As part of the 2011 MTA, the new third party lessee/operator will assume approximately \$15 million of the working capital note as well as the accounts receivables supporting the note related to the 12 facilities that are expected to be transitioned to the new operator. We are in the process of working with the Connecticut receiver to collect the Connecticut receivables that support the remaining portion of the note.

At June 30, 2011, we had two investments with operators and/or managers that exceeded 10% of our total investment: (i) CommuniCare Health Services ("CommuniCare") (13%) and (ii) Airamid Health Management, LLC through its subsidiaries and management relationships, ("Airamid") (11%). No other operator and/or manager represented more than 10% of our investments for the six month period ended June 30, 2011. The two states in which we had our highest concentration of investments were Florida (24%) and Ohio (15%) at June 30, 2011.

For the three-month period ended June 30, 2011, our revenues from operations totaled \$72.6 million, of which approximately \$9.6 million was from CommuniCare (13%) and \$8.4 million was from Sun Healthcare ("Sun") (12%). No other operator generated more than 10% of our revenues from operations for the three-month period ended June 30, 2011.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, our revenues from operations totaled \$143.1 million, of which approximately \$19.2 million was from CommuniCare (13%) and \$16.7 million was from Sun Healthcare (12%). No other operator generated more than 10% of our revenues from operations for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011.

Sun is subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC and is required to file with the SEC annual reports containing audited financial information and quarterly reports containing unaudited interim financial information. Sun's filings with the SEC can be found at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. We are providing this data for information purposes only, and we undertake no responsibility for Sun's filings.

NOTE 5 – DIVIDENDS

Common Dividends

On July 14, 2011, the Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$0.40 per share, increasing the quarterly common dividend by \$0.02, or 5.3%, per share over the prior quarter. The common dividends are to be paid August 15, 2011 to common stockholders of record on August 1, 2011.

On April 14, 2011, the Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$0.38 per share, increasing the quarterly common dividend by \$0.01 per share over the prior quarter, that was paid May 16, 2011 to common stockholders of record on April 29, 2011.

On January 14, 2011, the Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$0.37 per share that was paid February 15, 2011 to common stockholders of record on January 31, 2011.

Series D Preferred Dividends

On January 14, 2011, the Board of Directors declared regular quarterly dividends of approximately \$0.52344 per preferred share on the Series D Preferred Stock that were paid February 15, 2011 to preferred stockholders of record on January 31, 2011.

Redemption of Series D Preferred Stock

On March 7, 2011, pursuant to authorization from our Board of Directors, we redeemed all of the outstanding shares of our 8.375% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock at a redemption price of \$25 per share plus \$0.21519 per share in accrued and unpaid dividends up to and including the redemption date, for an aggregate redemption price of \$25.21519 per share. Dividends on the shares of Series D Preferred Stock ceased to accrue on and after the redemption date, after which the Series D Preferred Stock ceased to be outstanding.

We borrowed approximately \$103 million under our \$320 million revolving senior secured credit facility to fund the redemption price. In connection with the redemption of the Series D Preferred Stock, we wrote-off \$3.4 million of preferred stock issuance costs that reduced first quarter 2011 net income attributable to common stockholders by approximately \$0.03 per common share.

NOTE 6 - TAXES

So long as we qualify as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"), we generally will not be subject to federal income taxes on the REIT taxable income that we distribute to stockholders, subject to certain exceptions. On a quarterly and annual basis, we test our compliance within the REIT taxation rules to ensure that we were in compliance with the rules.

Subject to the limitation under the REIT asset test rules, we are permitted to own up to 100% of the stock of one or more taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRSs"). Currently, we have one TRS that is taxable as a corporation and that pays federal, state and local income tax on its net income at the applicable corporate rates. The TRS had a net operating loss carry-forward as of June 30, 2011 of \$1.1 million. The loss carry-forward is fully reserved with a valuation allowance as we concluded it was more-likely-than-not that the deferred tax asset would not be realized.

NOTE 7 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The following is a summary of our stock-based compensation expense for the three- and six- month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2011 2010				2011	2010			
			(in thous	ands)					
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 1,519	\$	467	\$	2,998	\$	1,306		

2011 Stock Awards

Effective January 2011, we granted 428,503 shares of restricted stock and 496,977 performance restricted stock units ("PRSUs") to six employees.

Restricted Stock Awards

The restricted stock awards vest 100% on December 31, 2013, subject to continued employment on the vesting date and subject to certain exceptions for certain qualifying terminations of employment or a change in control of the Company. As of June 30, 2011, no shares of restricted stock have vested under these restricted stock awards.

Performance Restricted Stock Units

We awarded three types of PRSUs to the six employees: (i) 124,244 annual total shareholder return ("TSR") PRSUs, (ii) 279,550 multi-year TSR PRSUs and (iii) 93,183 multi-year relative TSR PRSUs.



Annual TSR PRSUs

The number of shares earned under the annual PRSUs depends generally on the level of achievement of TSR for the year-ended December 31, 2011. The annual PRSUs vest on December 31, 2011, subject to continued employment on the vesting date and subject to certain exceptions for certain qualifying terminations of employment or a change in control of the Company.

Multi-year TSR PRSUs

The number of shares earned under the multi-year TSR PRSUs depends generally on the level of achievement of TSR for the three-years ended December 31, 2013. The multi-year TSR PRSUs vest 25% on the last day of each calendar quarter in 2014, subject to continued employment on the vesting date and subject to certain exceptions for certain qualifying terminations of employment or a change in control of the Company.

Multi-year Relative TSR PRSUs

The number of shares earned under the multi-year relative TSR PRSUs depends generally on the level of achievement of TSR relative to other real estate investment trust in the MSCI U.S. REIT Index for the three-years ended December 31, 2013. The multi-year relative TSR PRSUs vest 25% on the last day of each calendar quarter in 2014, subject to continued employment on the vesting date and subject to certain exceptions for certain qualifying terminations of employment or a change in control of the Company.

The PRSU awards have varying degrees of performance requirements to achieve vesting, and each PRSU award represents the right to a variable number of shares of common stock and related dividend equivalents based on dividends paid to stockholders during the applicable performance period.

As of June 30, 2011, none of these PRSUs are vested or earned.

The following table summarizes our total unrecognized compensation cost as of June 30, 2011 associated with outstanding restricted stock and PRSU awards to employees:

	Shares/ Units	Grant Date Average Fair Value Per Unit/ Share	Total Compensation Cost (in millions)	Weighted Average Period of Expense Recognition (in months)	Unrecognized Compensation Cost (in millions)	
Restricted stock	428,503	\$ 22.44	\$ 9.6	36	\$	8.0
2011 Annual PRSUs	124,244	\$ 11.04	1.4	12		0.7
Multi-year TSR PRSUs	279,550	\$ 11.06	3.1	48		2.7
Multi-year relative TSR PRSUs	93,183	\$ 12.26	1.1	48		1.0
Total	925,480	\$ 16.45	\$ 15.2		\$	12.4

We used a Monte Carlo model to estimate the fair value and for PRSUs granted to the employees in January 2011.

Director Grants

As of June 30, 2011, we had 29,799 shares of restricted stock outstanding to directors. The directors' restricted shares are scheduled to vest over the next three years. As of June 30, 2011, the unrecognized compensation cost associated with the directors is approximately \$0.4 million.

NOTE 8 - FINANCING ACTIVITIES AND BORROWING ARRANGEMENTS

Secured and Unsecured Borrowings

The following is a summary of our long-term borrowings:

	Maturity	Current Rate	June 30, 2011	Dec	ember 31, 2010
			 (in thou	isands)	
Secured borrowings:					
Revolving lines of credit	2014	4.19%	\$ 53,000	\$	_
HUD Berkadia mortgages (1)	2036 - 2040	6.61%	65,332		66,128
HUD Capital Funding mortgages	2040 - 2045	4.85%	134,122		135,168
Total secured borrowings			199,454		201,296
Unsecured borrowings:					
2016 Notes	2016	7.0%	\$ 175,000	\$	175,000
2020 Notes	2020	7.5%	200,000		200,000
2022 Notes	2022	6.75%	575,000		575,000
Subordinated debt	2021	9.0%	21,309		21,403
			971,309		971,403
Premium			4,168		4,266
Total unsecured borrowings			975,477		975,669
Totals – net			\$ 1,227,931	\$	1,176,965

(1) Reflects the weighted average interest rate on the mortgages.

Bank Credit Agreements

At June 30, 2011, we had \$53.0 million outstanding under our \$320 million revolving senior secured credit facility (the "2010 Credit Facility"), and no letters of credit outstanding, leaving availability of \$267.0 million.

The 2010 Credit Facility is priced at LIBOR plus an applicable percentage (ranging from 325 basis points to 425 basis points) based on the consolidated leverage and is not subject to a LIBOR floor. Our applicable percentage above LIBOR was 375 basis points as of June 30, 2011.

\$140 Million Equity Shelf Program

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, 1.4 million shares of our common stock were issued through our \$140 million Equity Shelf Program (the "2010 ESP") for net proceeds of approximately \$31.4 million, net of \$0.6 million of commissions.

\$575 Million 6.75% Senior Notes Exchange Offer

On June 2, 2011, we commenced an offer to exchange \$575 million of our 6.75% Senior Notes due 2022 that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 for \$575 million of our outstanding 6.75% Senior Notes due 2022, which were issued in October and November 2010 in two separate private placements.

All \$575 million outstanding aggregate principal amount of the initial notes were validly tendered and not withdrawn prior to the expiration of the exchange offer, and were exchanged for exchange notes as of July 14, 2011, pursuant to the terms of the exchange offer. The exchange notes are identical in all material respects to the initial notes, except that the issuance of the exchange notes was registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and the provisions of the initial notes relating to transfer restrictions, registration rights and additional interest relating to registrations delays do not apply to the exchange notes.

NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the carrying amounts and fair values of our financial instruments were as follows:

	<u>20</u>		<u>2010</u>				
	Carrying		Fair		Carrying		Fair
	 Amount		Value		Amount		Value
Assets:			(in thou	sands	s)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,996	\$	4,996	\$	6,921	\$	6,921
Restricted cash	20,609		20,609		22,399		22,399
Mortgage notes receivable – net	113,202		114,616		108,557		109,610
Other investments – net	 29,278		28,961		28,735		25,317
Totals	\$ 168,085	\$	169,182	\$	166,612	\$	164,247
Liabilities:							
Revolving lines of credit	\$ 53,000	\$	53,000	\$	—	\$	_
7.00% Notes due 2016 – net	174,298		191,880		174,221		187,079
7.50% Notes due 2020 – net	197,029		214,691		196,857		212,837
6.75% Notes due 2022 – net	582,841		594,981		583,188		576,019
HUD debt	199,454		212,732		201,296		214,643
Subordinated debt	 21,309		23,939		21,403		23,248
Totals	\$ 1,227,931	\$	1,291,223	\$	1,176,965	\$	1,213,826

Fair value estimates are subjective in nature and are dependent on a number of important assumptions, including estimates of future cash flows, risks, discount rates and relevant comparable market information associated with each financial instrument (see Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K). The use of different market assumptions and estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the reported estimated fair value amounts.

The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating fair value disclosures for financial instruments.

- Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash: The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported in the balance sheet approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments (i.e., less than 90 days).
- Mortgage notes receivable: The fair values of the mortgage notes receivables are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis, using interest
 rates being offered for similar loans to borrowers with similar credit ratings.
- Other investments: Other investments are primarily comprised of: (i) notes receivable and (ii) an investment in redeemable non-convertible preferred security of an unconsolidated business accounted for using the cost method of accounting. The fair values of notes receivable are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis, using interest rates being offered for similar loans to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The fair value of the investment in the unconsolidated business is estimated using quoted market value and considers the terms of the underlying arrangement.
- Revolving lines of credit: The fair value of our borrowings under variable rate agreements are estimated using an expected present value technique based on expected cash flows discounted using the current market rates.
- Senior notes and other long-term borrowings: The fair value of our borrowings under fixed rate agreements are estimated based on open market trading activity provided by a third party.

NOTE 10 – LITIGATION

We are subject to various legal proceedings, claims and other actions arising out of the normal course of business. While any legal proceeding or claim has an element of uncertainty, management believes that the outcome of each lawsuit, claim or legal proceeding that is pending or threatened, or all of them combined, will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

On January 7, 2010, LCT SE Texas Holdings, L.L.C., an affiliate of Mariner Health Care and the lessee of four facilities located in the Houston area, filed a petition in the District Court of Harris County, Texas (No. 2010-01120) against four landlord entities, the member interests of which we purchased as part of the December 2009 acquisition from CapitalSource. On April 19, 2011, the Court dismissed with prejudice Plaintiff's claims against the Defendants, all pursuant to a joint motion to dismiss filed by the parties.

NOTE 11 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The computation of basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the relevant period. Diluted EPS is computed using the treasury stock method, which is net income divided by the total weighted-average number of common outstanding shares plus the effect of dilutive common equivalent shares during the respective period. Dilutive common shares reflect the assumed issuance of additional common shares pursuant to certain of our share-based compensation plans, including stock options, restricted stock and performance restricted stock units.

The following tables set forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2011		2010		2011		2010		
			(in th	ousands, except	per sl	hare amounts)				
Numerator:										
Net income	\$	17,790	\$	15,509	\$	11,877	\$	36,460		
Preferred stock dividends		—		(2,272)		(1,691)		(4,543)		
Preferred stock redemption		16		—		(3,456)		—		
Numerator for net income available to common										
per share - basic and diluted	\$	17,806	\$	13,237	\$	6,730	\$	31,917		
Denominator:										
Denominator for basic earnings per share		101,912		93,031		100,993		90,935		
Effect of dilutive securities:										
Restricted stock		77		114		39		112		
Stock option incremental shares				—		—		5		
Deferred stock		12		8		12		5		
Denominator for diluted earnings per share		102,001		93,153		101,044		91,057		
Earnings per share – basic:										
Net income – basic	\$	0.17	\$	0.14	\$	0.07	\$	0.35		
Earnings per share – diluted:										
Net income – diluted	\$	0.17	\$	0.14	\$	0.07	\$	0.35		

NOTE 12 - CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2011, we had outstanding (i) \$175 million 7% Senior Notes due 2016, (ii) \$200 million 7.5% Senior Notes due 2020 and (iii) \$575 million 6.75% Senior Notes due 2022, which we collectively refer to as the Senior Notes. The Senior Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by each of our subsidiaries that guarantee other indebtedness of Omega or any of the subsidiary guarantors. Any subsidiary that we properly designate as an "unrestricted subsidiary" under the indentures governing the Senior Notes will not provide guarantees of the Senior Notes. As of and prior to March 31, 2010, the non-subsidiary guarantors were minor and insignificant. On June 29, 2010, we designated as "unrestricted subsidiaries" the 39 subsidiaries acquired from CapitalSource on such date (see Note 2). For the six months ended June 30, 2011, the operating cash flow of the non-guarantor subsidiaries, adjusted for depreciation and amortization expense. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, the non-guarantor subsidiaries on the facilities owned by the non-guarantor subsidiaries. All of the subsidiary guarantors of our outstanding senior notes are 100 percent owned by Omega.

The following summarized condensed consolidating financial information segregates the financial information of the non-guarantor subsidiaries from the financial information of Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc. and the subsidiary guarantors under the senior notes. The results and financial position of acquired entities are included from the dates of their respective acquisitions.

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS Unaudited (in thousands, except per share amounts)

		June 30, 2011 Issuer &						
		Subsidiary Guarantors	-	– Guarantor ubsidiaries	Elimination Company	Consolidated		
Land and buildings	\$	2,026,343	\$	313,346	\$ —	\$ 2,339,689		
Less accumulated depreciation	Ψ	(405,025)	Ψ	(15,626)	Ψ	(420,651		
Real estate properties – net		1,621,318		297,720		1,919,038		
Mortgage notes receivable – net		113,202		291,120	_	113,202		
Mongage notes receivable – net		1,734,520		297.720		2,032,240		
Other investments not		29,278		297,720	—	2,032,240 29,278		
Other investments – net		,				,		
		1,763,798		297,720	—	2,061,518		
Assets held for sale – net		811		_		811		
Total investments		1,764,609		297,720	—	2,062,329		
Cash and cash equivalents		4,996		_	_	4,996		
Restricted cash		6,702		13,907	—	20,609		
Accounts receivable – net		92,114		2,201	_	94,315		
Investment in affiliates		79,054			(79,054)			
Other assets		36,091		22,364	_	58,455		
Operating assets for owned and operated properties		275		_	_	275		
Total assets	\$	1,983,841	\$	336,192	(79,054)	\$ 2,240,979		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	•	50.000	•		٨	A 50.000		
Revolving line of credit	\$	53,000	\$	-	\$ —	\$ 53,000		
Secured borrowings		-		199,454	—	199,454		
Unsecured borrowings – net		954,168		21,309	—	975,477		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		74,112		36,375	(70.005)	110,487		
Intercompany payable				72,885	(72,885)			
Operating liabilities for owned and operated properties		472				472		
Total liabilities		1,081,752		330,023	(72,885)	1,338,890		
Stockholders' equity:								
Common stock		10,262		_	_	10,262		
Common stock – additional paid-in-capital		1,452,935		_	_	1,452,935		
Cumulative net earnings		592,701		6,169	(6,169)	592,701		
Cumulative dividends paid		(1,153,809)				(1,153,809		
Total stockholders' equity		902,089		6,169	(6,169)	902,089		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,983,841	\$	336,192	\$ (79,054)	\$ 2.240.979		

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	December 31, 2010 Issuer &							
	5	Subsidiary	Non	– Guarantor	Elimination			
		auarantors	Sı	ubsidiaries	Company	Consolidated		
Land and buildings	\$	2,053,510	\$	313,346	\$ —	\$ 2,366,856		
Less accumulated depreciation		(372,925)		(8,070)	—	(380,995		
Real estate properties – net		1,680,585		305,276	_	1,985,861		
Mortgage notes receivable - net		108,557		—	—	108,557		
		1,789,142		305,276	_	2,094,418		
Other investments – net		28,735		—	—	28,735		
		1,817,877		305,276	_	2,123,153		
Assets held for sale – net		670		_	_	670		
Total investments		1,818,547		305,276	—	2,123,823		
Cash and cash equivalents		6,921		_	_	6,921		
Restricted cash		9,279		13,120	_	22,399		
Accounts receivable – net		91,729		1,090	—	92,819		
Investment in affiliates		81,334		—	(81,334)	—		
Other assets		36,653		20,519	—	57,172		
Operating assets for owned and operated properties		873		—	—	873		
Total assets	\$	2,045,336	\$	340,005	(81,334)	\$ 2,304,007		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Revolving line of credit	\$	_	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —		
Secured borrowings		_		201,296	_	201,296		
Unsecured borrowings – net		954,266		21,403	_	975,669		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		85,887		35,972	—	121,859		
Intercompany payable		—		78,806	(78,806)			
Operating liabilities for owned and operated properties		1,117		—	_	1,117		
Total liabilities		1,041,270		337,477	(78,806)	1,299,941		
Stockholders' equity:								
Preferred stock		108,488		—	_	108,488		
Common stock		9,923		—	—	9,923		
Common stock – additional paid-in-capital		1,376,131		—	—	1,376,131		
Cumulative net earnings		580,824		2,528	(2,528)	580,824		
Cumulative dividends paid		(1,071,300)		_	-	(1,071,300		
Total stockholders' equity		1,004,066		2,528	(2,528)	1,004,066		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,045,336	\$	340,005	\$ (81,334)	\$ 2,304,007		

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS Unaudited (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	TI	hree Months En	ded June 30, 20)11	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011							
	Issuer & Non – Subsidiary Guarantor Guarantors Subsidiaries		Elimination	Consolidated	Issuer & Subsidiary Guarantors	Non – Guarantor Subsidiaries	Elimination	Consolidated				
Revenue												
Rental income	\$ 60,113	\$ 8,374	\$-	\$ 68,487	\$ 117,956	\$ 16,868	\$-	\$ 134,824				
Mortgage interest income	3,433	-	-	3,433	6,931	-	-	6,931				
Other investment income -												
net	617	-	-	617	1,258	-	-	1,258				
Miscellaneous	69	-	-	69	69	-	-	69				
Total operating revenues	64,232	8,374	-	72,606	126,214	16,868	-	143,082				
Expenses												
Depreciation and												
amortization	20,888	3,871	-	24,759	42,421	7,556	-	49,977				
General and administrative	4,852	78	-	4,930	9,995	161	-	10,156				
Acquisition costs	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	45				
Impairment loss on real												
estate					04.071			04.07				
properties Provisions for uncollectible	-	-	-	-	24,971	-	-	24,971				
accounts receivable	4,139	-	-	4,139	4,139	-	-	4,139				
Nursing home expenses of												
owned and operated assets	225	-	-	225	455	-	-	455				
Total operating expenses	30,104	3,949	-	34,053	82,026	7,717	-	89,743				
Income before other income												
and expense	34,128	4,425	-	38,553	44,188	9,151	-	53,339				
Other income (expense):												
Interest income	5	7	-	12	9	14	-	23				
Interest expense	(17,340)	(2,732)	-	(20,072)	(34,548)	(5,524)	-	(40,072				
Interest – amortization of deferred												
financing costs	(703)	-	-	(703)	(1,397)	-	-	(1,397				
Interest -refinancing costs	(100)	-	-	-	(1,007)	-	-	(1,007				
Equity in earnings	1,700	-	(1,700)	-	3,641	-	(3,641)	(10				
Total other expense	(16,338)	(2,725)	(1,700)	(20,763)	(32,311)	(5,510)	(3,641)	(41,462				
Net income	17,790	1.700	(1,700)	17,790	11,877	3.641	(3,641)	11,877				
Preferred stock dividends			(1,100)		(1,691)		-	(1,691				
Preferred stock redemption	16	-	-	16	(3,456)	-	-	(3,456				
Net income available to					(2, 300)			(2).00				
common	\$ 17.806	\$ 1,700	\$ (1,700)	\$ 17,806	\$ 6,730	\$ 3,641	\$ (3,641)	\$ 6,730				

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-looking Statements, Reimbursement Issues and Other Factors Affecting Future Results

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this document. This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements relate to our expectations, beliefs, intentions, plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, performance and underlying assumptions and other statements other than statements of historical facts. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology including, but not limited to, terms such as "may," "will," "anticipates," "expects," "believes," "intends," "should" or comparable terms or the negative thereof. These statements are based on information available on the date of this filing and only speak as to the date hereof and no obligation to update such forward-looking statements should be assumed. Our actual results may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements contained herein as a result of a variety of factors, including, among other things:

- those items discussed under "Risk Factors" in Item 1A to our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, in Part II, Item 1A to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ending March 31, 2011 and in Part II, Item 1A of this report;
- (ii) uncertainties relating to the business operations of the operators of our assets, including those relating to reimbursement by third-party payors, regulatory matters and occupancy levels;
- the ability of any operators in bankruptcy to reject unexpired lease obligations, modify the terms of our mortgages and impede our ability to collect unpaid rent or interest during the process of a bankruptcy proceeding and retain security deposits for the debtors' obligations;
- (iv) our ability to sell closed or foreclosed assets on a timely basis and on terms that allow us to realize the carrying value of these assets;
- (v) our ability to negotiate appropriate modifications to the terms of our credit facilities;
- (vi) our ability to manage, re-lease or sell any owned and operated facilities;
- (vii) the availability and cost of capital;
- (viii) changes in our credit ratings and the ratings of our debt securities;
- (ix) competition in the financing of healthcare facilities;
- $(x) \qquad \mbox{regulatory and other changes in the healthcare sector;} \\$
- (xi) the effect of economic and market conditions generally and, particularly, in the healthcare industry;
- (xii) changes in the financial position of our operators;
- (xiii) changes in interest rates;
- (xiv) the amount and yield of any additional investments;
- (xv) changes in tax laws and regulations affecting real estate investment trusts; and
- (xvi) our ability to maintain our status as a real estate investment trust.

Overview

We have one reportable segment consisting of investments in healthcare related real estate properties. Our core business is to provide financing and capital to the long-term healthcare industry with a particular focus on skilled nursing facilities ("SNFs") located in the United States. Our core portfolio consists of long-term leases and mortgage agreements. All of our leases are "triple-net" leases, which require the tenants to pay all property-related expenses. Our mortgage revenue derives from fixed-rate mortgage loans, which are secured by first mortgage liens on the underlying real estate and personal property of the mortgagor.

On November 17, 2009, we entered into a purchase agreement with CapitalSource, Inc. ("CapitalSource") pursuant to which we agreed to purchase certain CapitalSource subsidiaries owning 80 long-term care facilities and an option to purchase certain other CapitalSource subsidiaries owning an additional 63 long-term care facilities. Our acquisition of the CapitalSource subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of the purchase agreement was conducted in three separate closings: (i) on December 22, 2009, we acquired CapitalSource subsidiaries owning 40 long-term care facilities and an option to acquire an additional 63, for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$296 million; (ii) on June 9, 2010, we exercised our option to acquire CapitalSource subsidiaries owning 40 long-term care facilities for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$293 million; and (iii) on June 29, 2010, we acquired CapitalSource subsidiaries owning 40 long-term care facilities for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$271 million.

We have identified a recent trend of reductions of expenditures under Medicare and Medicaid programs at the federal and state levels, resulting in a reduction of reimbursement rates and levels to our operators under both the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Current market and economic conditions may have a significant impact on state budgets and health care spending. These deficits, exacerbated by the potential for increased enrollment in Medicaid due to rising unemployment levels and declining family incomes, could cause states to reduce state expenditures under their respective state Medicaid programs by lowering reimbursement rates.

We currently believe that our operator coverage ratios are strong and that our operators can absorb moderate reimbursement rate reductions under Medicaid and Medicare and still meet their obligations to us. However, significant limits on the scope of services reimbursed and on reimbursement rates and fees could have a material adverse effect on an operator's results of operations and financial condition, which could adversely affect the operator's ability to meet its obligations to us.

Our portfolio of investments at June 30, 2011, consisted of 400 healthcare facilities (including two facilities held for sale), located in 35 states and operated by 50 third-party operators. Our gross investment in these facilities totaled approximately \$2.5 billion at June 30, 2011, with 99% of our real estate investments related to long-term healthcare facilities. This portfolio is made up of (i) 370 SNFs, (ii) 10 assisted living facilities ("ALFs"), (iii) five specialty facilities, (iv) fixed rate mortgages on 13 SNFs and (v) two SNFs that are held for sale. At June 30, 2011, we also held other investments of approximately \$29.3 million, consisting primarily of secured loans to third-party operators of our facilities.

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of (i) Omega, (ii) all direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of Omega and (iii) TC Healthcare, an entity and interim operator created to operate the 15 facilities we assumed as a result of the bankruptcy of one of our former tenants/operators. We consolidate the financial results of TC Healthcare into our financial statements based on the applicable consolidation accounting literature. We include the operating results, assets and liabilities of these facilities for the period of time that TC Healthcare was responsible for the operations of the facilities. Thirteen of these facilities were transitioned from TC Healthcare to a new tenant/operator on September 1, 2008. The two remaining facilities were transitioned to the new tenant/operator on June 1, 2010 upon approval by state regulators of the operating license transfer. The operating revenues and expenses and related operating assets and liabilities of the two facilities are shown on a gross basis in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively. TC Healthcare is responsible for the collection of the accounts receivable earned and the liabilities incurred prior to the date of the transition to the new tenant/operator. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation of the financial statements.

Taxation

We have elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT"), under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"), beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 1992. We believe that we have been organized and operated in such a manner as to qualify for taxation as a REIT. We intend to continue to operate in a manner that will maintain our qualification as a REIT, but no assurance can be given that we have operated or will be able to continue to operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT. Under the Code, we generally are not subject to federal income tax on taxable income distributed to stockholders if certain distribution, income, asset and stockholder tests are met, including a requirement that we must generally distribute at least 90% of our annual taxable income, excluding any net capital gain, to stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we may be subject to federal income taxes on our taxable income for that year and for the four years following the year during which qualification is lost, unless the Internal Revenue Service grants us relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to our stockholders. For further information, see "Taxation" in Item 1 of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Recent Developments Regarding Government Regulation and Reimbursement

Healthcare Reform. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and accompanying Healthcare and Education Affordability and Reconciliation Act of 2010 (the "Healthcare Reform Law") were signed into law in March 2010. This legislation represents the most comprehensive change to healthcare benefits since the inception of the Medicare program in 1965 and will affect reimbursement for governmental programs, private insurance and employee welfare benefit plans in various ways. Some changes under the Healthcare Reform Law have already occurred, such as changes to pre-existing condition requirements and coverage of dependents. Other changes, including taxes on so-called "Cadillac" health plans, will be implemented over time. There has already been significant rule making and regulations under the Healthcare Reform Law, and we expect significant additional rules and regulations.

The attorneys general for several states, as well as other individuals and organizations, have challenged the constitutionality of certain provisions of the Healthcare Reform Law, including the requirement that each individual carry health insurance. On January 31, 2011, a Florida District Court ruled that the entire Healthcare Reform Law is unconstitutional. This judgment has been stayed pending appeal. Other courts have ruled in favor of the law or have only struck down certain provisions of the law. These cases are under appeal, and others are in process. We cannot predict the ultimate outcome of any of the litigation. Further, various Congressional leaders have indicated a desire to revisit some or all of the health care reform law during 2011. While the U.S. Senate voted against repealing the entire Healthcare Reform Law, a number of bills and budget proposals seek to repeal, change or defund certain provisions of the law. For example, the 2011 budget eliminates two programs funded under the health care reform law: the Consumer Operated and Oriented Plan (CO-OP) and the Free Choice Voucher programs). Further, a number of states have passed legislation intended to block various requirements of the Healthcare Reform Law. Because of these challenges, we cannot predict whether any or all of the legislation will be implemented as enacted, overturned, repealed or modified.

Given the multitude of factors involved in the Healthcare Reform Law and the substantial requirements for regulation thereunder, we cannot predict the impact of the Healthcare Reform Law on our operators or their ability to meet their obligations to us. The Healthcare Reform Law could result in decreases in payments to our operators or otherwise adversely affect the financial condition of our operators, thereby negatively impacting our financial condition. We cannot predict whether our operators will have the ability to modify certain aspects of their operations to lessen the impact of any increased costs or other adverse effects resulting from changes in governmental programs, private insurance and/or employee welfare benefit plans. The impact of the Healthcare Reform Law on each of our operators will vary depending on payor mix, resident conditions and a variety of other factors. In addition to the provisions relating to reimbursement, other provisions of the Healthcare Reform Law may impact our operators as employers (e.g., requirements related to providing health insurance for employees), which could negatively impact the financial condition of our operators. We anticipate that many of the provisions in the Healthcare Reform Law may be subject to further clarification and modification during the rule making process.

Reimbursement. The federal government and many state governments are currently focusing on reducing expenditures under Medicare and Medicaid programs, resulting in significant cost-cutting at both the federal and state levels. These cost-cutting measures, together with the implementation of changes in reimbursement rates under the Healthcare Reform Law, could result in a significant reduction of reimbursement rates to our operators under both the Medicare and Medicare and Medicaid programs. We currently believe that our operator coverage ratios are adequate and that our operators can absorb moderate reimbursement rate reductions and still meet their obligations to us. However, significant limits on the scopes of services reimbursed and on reimbursement rates could have a material adverse effect on our operators' results of operations and financial condition, which could adversely affect our operators' ability to meet their obligations to us.

Medicaid. State budgetary concerns coupled with the implementation of rules under the Healthcare Reform Law, may result in and healthcare spending at the state level.

Many states are currently focusing on the reduction of expenditures under their state Medicaid programs, which may result in a reduction in reimbursement rates for our operators. The need to control Medicaid expenditures may be exacerbated by the potential for increased enrollment in Medicaid due to unemployment and declines in family incomes. In addition, Medicaid enrollment may significantly increase in the near future, as the Healthcare Reform Law allows states to increase the number of people who are eligible for Medicaid beginning in 2010 and simplifies enrollment in this program. Since our operators' profit margins on Medicaid patients are generally relatively low, more than modest reductions in Medicaid reimbursement and an increase in the number of Medicaid patients could adversely affect our operators' results of operations and financial conditions, which in turn could negatively impact us.

The American Reinvestment and Recovery Act of 2009 ("ARRA") and subsequent legislation provide additional federal Medicaid funding for states' Medicaid expenditures between October 1, 2008 and June 30, 2011. During this period, the share of Medicaid costs that were paid for by the federal government went up, and each state's share went down. Now that this additional funding has expired, we cannot predict whether the states will have sufficient funds for their Medicaid programs. Many states are concerned that the lack of funds will have a negative impact on their budgets.

Medicare. In 2009, the CMS finalized a revised case-mix classification system, the RUG-IV, and planned implementation for fiscal year 2010. However, the Healthcare Reform Law delayed implementation of RUG-IV to October 1, 2011. The Medicare and Medicaid Extenders Act of 2010 repealed the delay in implementation under the Healthcare Reform Law and provided that RUG-IV would be implemented immediately and applied retroactively to October 1, 2010. According to CMS, this change in case-mix classification methodology resulted in a significant increase in Medicare expenditures for FY 2011. In response to this increase, on July 29, 2011, CMS announced the final rule for SNF funding for fiscal year 2012. The final rule includes a recalibration of the case-mix indexes that form the RUG-IV and will result in a reduction of aggregate Medicare reimbursement to SNFs of \$4.47 billion or 12.6%. However, the reduction is partially offset by an update that reflects a 2.7% increase in the prices of a "market basket" of goods and services reduced by a 1.0% multi-factor productivity adjustment mandated by the Healthcare Reform Law. The combination of the recalibration and the update will yield a net reduction of aggregate Medicare reimbursement to SNFs of \$3.87 billion or 11.1%. We believe that the implementation of RUG-IV in 2010 had a positive effect on the cash flow and rent coverage ratios of our operators. This funding cut will reduce operator coverage ratios, however, we currently believe that our operator coverage ratios are adequate and that our operators can absorb the fiscal year 2012 reimbursement rate reductions and still meet their obligations to us.

The recently enacted legislation increasing the federal debt limit calls for additional cuts in federal spending and provides, among other things, for automatic across-the-board cuts to federal agency budgets, which would include cuts to Medicare provider reimbursement, if Congress fails to enact specific spending cuts. Additionally, the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission (MedPAC) recommended that Congress make no increases to Medicare payment rates for skilled nursing facilities for fiscal year 2012.

The Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act of 2008 (the "MIPPA") became law on July 15, 2008, and made a variety of changes to Medicare, some of which may affect SNFs. For instance, the MIPPA extended the therapy cap exceptions process through December 31, 2009. The Healthcare Reform Law extended the therapy cap exceptions process through December 31, 2010, and the Medicare and Medicaid Extenders Act of 2010 further extended the therapy cap exceptions process through December 31, 2011. The therapy caps limit the physical therapy, speech-language therapy and occupational therapy services that a Medicare beneficiary can receive during a calendar year. These caps do not apply to therapy services covered under Medicare Part A for SNFs, although the caps apply in most other instances involving patients in SNFs or long-term care facilities who receive therapy services to exceed the payment limits. Expiration of the therapy cap exceptions process in the future could have a material adverse effect on our operators' financial condition and operations, which could adversely impact their ability to meet their obligations to us.

Quality of Care Initiatives. The CMS has implemented a number of initiatives focused on the quality of care provided by nursing homes that could affect our operators. For instance, in December 2008, the CMS released quality ratings for all of the nursing homes that participate in Medicare or Medicaid. Facility rankings, ranging from five stars ("much above average") to one star ("much below average") are updated on a monthly basis. The Healthcare Reform Law includes a requirement that the Government Accountability Office conduct a study of this ranking system, the results of which cannot be predicted. In the event any of our operators does not maintain or receive the same or superior ranking as its competitors, patients could choose alternate facilities, which could adversely impact our operators' revenues. In addition, the reporting of such information could lead to future reimbursement policies that reward or penalize facilities on the basis of the reported quality of care parameters.

Office of the Inspector General Activities. The Office of Inspector General's (the "OIG") Work Plan for fiscal year 2011, which describes projects that the OIG plans to address during the fiscal year, includes a number of projects related to nursing homes. While we cannot predict the results of the OIG's activities, the projects could result in further scrutiny and/or oversight of nursing homes.

Fraud and Abuse Laws and Regulations. There are various civil and criminal federal and state laws governing a wide array of referrals, relationships and arrangements and prohibiting fraud by healthcare providers. Many of these complex laws raise issues that have not been clearly interpreted. Governments are devoting increasing attention and resources to anti-fraud initiatives against healthcare providers. The federal anti-kickback statute is a criminal statute that prohibits the knowing and willful offer, payment, solicitation or receipt of any remuneration in return for, to induce or to arrange for the referral of individuals for any item or service payable by a federal or state healthcare program. There is also a civil analogue. States also have enacted similar statutes covering Medicaid payments and some states have broader statutes. Some enforcement efforts have targeted relationships between SNFs and ancillary providers, relationships between SNFs and relationships between SNFs and relationships between SNFs and relationships between SNFs and relationships between SNFs are ferral sources. The federal self-referral law, commonly known as the "Stark Law," is a civil statute that prohibits certain referrals by physicians to entities providing "designated health services" if these physicians have financial relationships with the entities. Some of the services provided in SNFs are classified as designated health services. There are also criminal provisions that prohibit filing false claims or making false statements to receive payment or certification under Medicare and Medicard, as well as failing to refund overpayments or improper payments. Violation of the anti-kickback statute or Stark Law may form the basis for a False Claims Act violation. In addition, the federal False Claims Act allows a private individual with knowledge of fraud to bring a claim on behalf of the federal government and are a percentage of the self-act government's recovery. Because of these incentives, these so-called "whistleblower"

Privacy Laws. Our operators are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations designed to protect confidentiality and security of patient health information, including the privacy and security provisions in the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and the corresponding regulations promulgated thereunder ("HIPAA"). HIPAA was amended by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, known as the Stimulus Bill. The amendment increases penalties for HIPAA violations, imposes stricter requirements on healthcare providers, expands the scope of enforcement and, in most cases requires notification if there is a breach of an individual's protected health information, including public announcements if the breach affects a significant number of individuals. As a result, our operators are required to expend the requisite resources to secure the health information in their possession. Operators found in violation of HIPAA may face large penalties. Compliance with public notification requirements in the event of a breach could cause reputational harm to an operator's business. Such penalties and damaged reputations could adversely affect an operator's ability to pay its obligations to us.

Licensing, Certification and Other Laws and Regulations. Our operators and facilities are subject to regulatory and licensing requirements of federal, state and local authorities and are periodically surveyed by these authorities. Failure to obtain licensure or loss or suspension of licensure would prevent a facility from operating and result in ineligibility for reimbursement until the necessary licenses are obtained or reinstated. In such event, our revenues from these facilities could be reduced or eliminated for an extended period of time or permanently.

In addition, licensing and Medicare and Medicaid laws require operators of nursing homes and ALFs to comply with extensive standards governing operations. Federal and state agencies administering those laws regularly inspect such facilities and investigate complaints. Our operators and their managers receive notices of observed violations and deficiencies from time to time, and sanctions have been imposed from time to time on facilities operated by them. If our operators are unable to cure deficiencies, which have been identified or which are identified in the future, sanctions, including possible loss of license and/or right to receive reimbursement, may be imposed. If imposed, such sanctions may adversely affect our operators' revenues and their ability to meet their obligations to us.

Additional federal, state and local laws and regulations affect how our operators conduct their operations, including federal and state laws and regulations protecting the confidentiality and security of patient health information, laws protecting consumers against deceptive practices, and laws generally affecting our operators' management of property and equipment and the conduct of their operations (including laws and regulations involving fire, health and safety; quality of services, including care and food service; residents' rights, including abuse and neglect laws; and the health standards set by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration). We are unable to predict the effect that potential changes in these requirements could have on the revenues of our operators, and their ability to meet their obligations to us.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"), and a summary of our significant accounting policies is included in Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Our preparation of the financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in our financial statements and accompanying footnotes. Future events and their effects cannot be determined with absolute certainty. Therefore, the determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment. Actual results inevitably will differ from those estimates, and such difference may be material to the consolidated financial statements. We have described our most critical accounting policies in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Results of Operations

The following is our discussion of the consolidated results of operations, financial position and liquidity and capital resources, which should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

Operating Revenues

Our operating revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$72.6 million, an increase of \$13.8 million over the same period in 2010. The \$13.8 million increase relates primarily to an increase in rental income of approximately \$17.0 million primarily due to the CapitalSource acquisitions that occurred in June 2010 (approximately \$1.5 million resulted from in-place lease intangibles amortization). In addition, the increase in mortgage income of approximately \$0.9 million is primarily due to (i) two new construction-to-permanent mortgage loans that we entered into with an operator in August 2010 and (ii) \$15.9 million first mortgage loan that we entered into with an operator in December 2010. Offsetting the above noted increases are (i) a decrease of \$1.2 million in other investment income resulting from the sale of two mortgage backed certificates that were retired during the second quarter of 2010 and (ii) a decrease of \$3.0 million in owned and operated assets due to the deconsolidation of owned and operated facilities effective June 1, 2010.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$34.1 million, an increase of approximately \$9.8 million over the same period in 2010. The increase was primarily due to: (i) an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$8.3 million primarily associated with the CapitalSource acquisitions that occurred in June 2010; (ii) \$4.1 million provision for uncollectible accounts receivable with one of our operators; and (iii) an increase of \$1.3 million in general and administrative expense primarily related to additional cost resulting from the CapitalSource acquisitions and the 2011 equity compensation program, offset by the reduction of \$2.6 million in owned and operated assets primarily due to the deconsolidation of owned and operated facilities effective June 1, 2010.

Other Income (Expense)

For the three months ended June 30, 2011, total other expenses were \$20.8 million, an increase of approximately \$1.7 million over the same period in 2010. The increase in interest expense of approximately \$5.4 million was primarily due to an increase in borrowings outstanding, including debt assumed or incurred to finance the CapitalSource acquisitions. This was offset by a decrease of \$3.5 million in interest refinancing costs related to the write-off of \$3.5 million during the second quarter of 2010 associated with the termination of the \$200 million revolving senior secured credit facility (the "2009 Credit Facility").

Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

Operating Revenues

Our operating revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$143.1 million, an increase of \$25.6 million over the same period in 2010. The \$25.6 million increase relates primarily to an increase in rental income of approximately \$36.1 million due to the CapitalSource acquisitions that occurred in June 2010 (approximately \$3.0 million resulted from in-place lease intangibles amortization). In addition, the increase in mortgage income of approximately \$1.8 million is primarily due to (i) two new construction-to-permanent mortgage loans that we entered into with an operator in August 2010 and (ii) a \$15.9 million first mortgage loan that we entered into with an operator in December 2010. Offsetting the above-noted increases are (i) a decrease of \$7.3 million in owned and operated assets due to the deconsolidation of owned and operated facilities effective June 1, 2010; (ii) a decrease of \$3.7 million in miscellaneous income resulting from a February 2010 legal settlement with one of our prior operators for breach of contract due to failure to pay rent; and (iii) a decrease of \$1.3 million in other investment income primarily a result of the sale of two mortgage backed certificates that were retired during the second quarter of 2010.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$89.7 million, an increase of approximately \$42.3 million over the same period in 2010. The increase was primarily due to: (i) an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$18.8 million primarily associated with the CapitalSource acquisitions that occurred in June 2010; (ii) \$25.0 million provision for impairment on real estate assets recorded in the first quarter in connection with our Connecticut properties lease with FC/SCH (see Portfolio and Recent Developments – Connecticut Properties below); (iii) \$4.1 million provision for uncollectible accounts receivable; (iv) an increase of \$2.8 million in general and administrative expense primarily related to additional cost resulting from CapitalSource acquisitions and the 2011 equity compensation program, offset by (v) the reduction of \$6.9 million in owned and operated facilities effective June 1, 2010 and (vi) a decrease of \$1.4 million in acquisition cost related to the expenses incurred in connection with the CapitalSource acquisitions.

Other Income (Expense)

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, total other expenses were \$41.5 million, an increase of approximately \$7.9 million over the same period in 2010. The increase in interest expense of approximately \$11.8 million was primarily due to an increase in borrowings outstanding, including debt assumed or incurred to finance the CapitalSource acquisitions. This was offset by a decrease of \$3.5 million in interest refinancing costs primarily related to the write-off of \$3.5 million during the second quarter of 2010 associated with the termination of the \$200 million 2009 Credit Facility and a decrease of \$0.5 million in amortization of deferred financing costs related to: (i) the \$100 million GECC term loan payoff in October 2010 and (ii) the redemption of our outstanding \$310 million senior notes in December 2010.

Preferred Stock Redemption

In connection with the March 7, 2011 redemption of the Series D Preferred Stock, we recorded a charge of \$3.5 million primarily related to the write-off of issuance costs.

Funds From Operations

Our funds from operations available to common stockholders ("FFO"), for the three months ended June 30, 2011, was \$42.6 million, compared to \$29.7 million, for the same period in 2010.

We calculate and report FFO in accordance with the definition and interpretive guidelines issued by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), and, consequently, FFO is defined as net income available to common stockholders, adjusted for the effects of asset dispositions and certain non-cash items, primarily depreciation and amortization. We believe that FFO is an important supplemental measure of our operating performance. Because the historical cost accounting convention used for real estate assets requires depreciation (except on land), such accounting presentation implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time, while real estate values instead have historically risen or fallen with market conditions. The term FFO was designed by the real estate industry to address this issue. FFO herein is not necessarily comparable to FFO of other REITs that do not use the same definition or implementation guidelines or interpret the standards differently from us.

FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure. We use FFO as one of several criteria to measure operating performance of our business. We further believe that by excluding the effect of depreciation, amortization and gains or losses from sales of real estate, all of which are based on historical costs and which may be of limited relevance in evaluating current performance, FFO can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and between other REITs. We offer this measure to assist the users of our financial statements in evaluating our financial performance under GAAP, and FFO should not be considered a measure of liquidity, an alternative to net income or an indicator of any other performance measure determined in accordance with GAAP. Investors and potential investors in our securities should not rely on this measure as a substitute for any GAAP measure, including net income.

The following table presents our FFO results the three- and six- months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2011		2010		2011		2010
				(in thou	sands)		
Net income income available to common stockholders	\$	17,806	\$	13,237	\$	6,730	\$	31,917
Elimination of non-cash items included in net income:								
Depreciation and amortization		24,759		16,451		49,977		31,138
Funds from operations available to common stockholders	\$	42,565	\$	29,688	\$	56,707	\$	63,055

Portfolio and Recent Developments

143 Facility CapitalSource Acquisitions

In November 2009, we entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "CapitalSource Purchase Agreement") with CapitalSource and several of its affiliates, pursuant to which we agreed to purchase CapitalSource subsidiaries owning 80 long term care facilities, plus an option to purchase CapitalSource subsidiaries owning an additional 63 facilities, for approximately \$858 million. We accounted for these acquisitions as business combinations.

The transactions closed in three phases: (i) on December 22, 2009, we purchased CapitalSource entities owning 40 facilities for approximately \$271 million and an option to purchase CapitalSource entities owning 63 additional facilities for \$25 million; (ii) on June 9, 2010, we completed our purchase of the 63 CapitalSource facilities pursuant to the option for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$293 million in cash, plus the \$25 million purchase option deposit, representing a total purchase price of \$318 million; and (iii) on June 29, 2010, we purchased CapitalSource entities owning 40 facilities for approximately \$271 million and paid approximately \$15 million for escrow accounts transferred to us at closing.

As of December 31, 2010, we completed our purchase price allocation for all of these transactions. The allocation included fair value adjustment for above-market debt assumed in the transactions as well as above and below-market in-place leases assumed. During the first six months of 2011, we amortized approximately \$0.7 million of above-market adjustments related to the assumed debt and approximately \$3.2 million of net below market in-place leases assumed from these transactions.

Connecticut Properties

In January 2011, upon our request, a complaint was filed by the State of Connecticut, Commissioner of Social Services (the "State") against the licensees/operators of four Connecticut SNFs, seeking the appointment of a receiver. The Superior Court, Judicial District of Hartford, Connecticut (the "Court") appointed a receiver.

The receiver is responsible for (i) operating the facilities and funding all operational expenses incurred after the appointment of the receiver and (ii) for providing the Court with recommendations regarding the facilities. In March 2011, the receiver moved to close all four SNFs and the Company objected. At the hearing held on April 21, 2011, the Company stated its position that the receiver failed to comply with the statutory requirements prior to recommending the facilities' closure. In addition, alternative operators expressed interest in operating several of the facilities. On April 27, 2011, the Court granted the receiver's motion and ordered the facilities closed.

The Company timely filed its notice of appeal, taking the position that the Court's Order (the "Order") is final and appealable, and erroneous. Following the Company's notice of appeal, the Company negotiated a stipulation with the State and the receiver which afforded it significant concessions. Those concessions included: (a) an agreed recognition of the Company as a secured lienholder with a priority claim, (b) an accelerated timeframe for the (i) allocation by the receiver of collected funds between pre- and post- receivership periods, and (ii) disbursement to the Company of pre-receivership funds collected, and (c) an agreement by the State that it would forego its right to seek recoupment of pre-receivership funds as reimbursement for post-receivership advances. In exchange for these concessions (among others), the Company withdrew its appeal.

As a result of these developments, during the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$24.4 million to reduce the carrying values of the Connecticut SNFs to their estimated fair values. We estimated the fair value of these facilities based on the facilities' potential sales value assuming that the facilities would not be used as skilled nursing facilities.



FC/SCH Facilities

During the second quarter, we entered into a master transition agreement ("2011 MTA") with one of our current lessee/operators and a third party lessee/operator to transition the facilities from the current operator to the new operator. The 2011 MTA closing is subject to receipt of healthcare regulatory approvals from several states for the operating license transfer from the current operator to the new operator. Upon closing of the 2011 MTA, the current lease will be terminated and the new operator will enter into a new twelve-year master lease for the facilities. As a result of the 2011 MTA, during the second quarter of 2011, we evaluated the recoverability of the straight-line rent and lease inducements associated with the current lease and have recorded a \$4.1 million provision for uncollectible accounts associated with straight-line receivables and lease inducements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 2011, we had total assets of \$2.2 billion, stockholders' equity of \$0.9 billion and debt of \$1.2 billion, representing approximately 57.6% of total capitalization.

The following table shows the amounts due in connection with the contractual obligations described below as of June 30, 2011.

		Pa	yment	s due by period	L		
		Less than					More than
	 Total	1 year		1-3 years		3-5 years	5 years
			(in t	thousands)			
Debt ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,202,675	\$ 2,532	\$	58,492	\$	181,117	\$ 960,534
Interest payments on long-term debt	847,934	79,660		158,523		153,826	455,925
Operating lease obligations ⁽²⁾	 2,547	299		624		659	965
Total	\$ 2,053,156	\$ 82,491	\$	217,639	\$	335,602	\$ 1,417,424

(1) The \$1.2 billion of debt outstanding includes \$53 million in borrowings under the \$320 million revolving senior secured credit facility due in April 2014, \$175 million aggregate principal amount of 7% Senior Notes due January 2016, \$200 million aggregate principal amount of 7.5% Senior Notes due February 2020, \$575 million aggregate principal amount of 6.75% Senior Notes due October 2022, \$20 million of 9.0% subordinated debt maturing in December 2021, \$53 million of HUD debt at a 6.61% weighted average annual interest rate maturing between January 2036 and May 2040, and \$127 million of HUD Debt at a 4.85% annual interest rate and maturing between January 2040 and January 2045.

(2) Relates primarily to the lease at the corporate headquarters.

Financing Activities and Borrowing Arrangements

Bank Credit Agreements

At June 30, 2011, we had \$53.0 million outstanding under our \$320 million revolving senior secured credit facility (the "2010 Credit Facility"), and no letters of credit outstanding, leaving availability of \$267.0 million.

The 2010 Credit Facility is priced at LIBOR plus an applicable percentage (ranging from 325 basis points to 425 basis points) based on our consolidated leverage and is not subject to a LIBOR floor. Our applicable percentage above LIBOR was 375 basis points as of June 30, 2011. We intend to use the 2010 Credit Facility for acquisitions and general corporate purposes.

\$575 Million 6.75% Senior Notes Exchange Offer

On June 2, 2011, we commenced an offer to exchange \$575 million of our 6.75% Senior Notes due 2022 that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 for \$575 million of our outstanding 6.75% Senior Notes due 2022, which were issued in October and November 2010 in two separate private placements.

All \$575 million outstanding aggregate principal amount of the initial notes were validly tendered and not withdrawn prior to the expiration of the exchange offer, and were exchanged for exchange notes as of July 14, 2011, pursuant to the terms of the exchange offer. The exchange notes are identical in all material respects to the initial notes, except that the issuance of the exchange notes was registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and the provisions of the initial notes relating to transfer restrictions, registration rights and additional interest relating to registrations delays do not apply to the exchange notes.

\$140 Million Equity Shelf Program

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, 1.4 million shares of our common stock were issued through our \$140 million Equity Shelf Program (the "2010 ESP") for net proceeds of \$31.4 million, net of \$0.6 million of commissions.

Redemption of Series D Preferred Stock

On March 7, 2011, pursuant to authorization from our Board of Directors, we redeemed all of the outstanding shares of our 8.375% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock at a redemption price of \$25 per share plus \$0.21519 per share in accrued and unpaid dividends up to and including the redemption date, for an aggregate redemption price of \$25.21519 per share. Dividends on the shares of Series D Preferred Stock ceased to accrue on and after the redemption date, after which the Series D Preferred Stock ceased to be outstanding.

We borrowed approximately \$103 million under our \$320 million revolving senior secured credit facility to fund the redemption price. In connection with the redemption of the Series D Preferred Stock, we wrote-off \$3.4 million of preferred stock issuance costs that reduced first quarter 2011 net income attributable to common stockholders by approximately \$0.03 per common share.

Dividends

In order to qualify as a REIT, we are required to distribute dividends (other than capital gain dividends) to our stockholders in an amount at least equal to (A) the sum of (i) 90% of our "REIT taxable income" (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our net capital gain), and (ii) 90% of the net income (after tax), if any, from foreclosure property, minus (B) the sum of certain items of non-cash income. In addition, if we dispose of any built-in gain asset during a recognition period, we will be required to distribute at least 90% of the built-in gain (after tax), if any, recognized on the disposition of such asset. Such distributions must be paid in the taxable year to which they relate, or in the following taxable year if declared before we timely file our tax return for such year and paid on or before the first regular dividend payment after such declaration. In addition, such distributions are required to be made pro rata, with no preference to any share of stock as compared with other shares of the same class, and with no preference to one class of stock as compared with another class except to the extent that such class is entitled to such a preference. To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or do distribute at least 90%, but less than 100% of our "REIT taxable income" as adjusted, we will be subject to tax thereon at regular ordinary and capital gain corporate tax rates. In addition, our 2010 Credit Facility has certain financial covenants that limit the distribution of dividends paid during a fiscal quarter to no more than 95% of our aggregate cumulative FFO as defined in the credit agreement, unless a greater distribution is required to maintain REIT status. The credit agreement defines FFO as net income (or loss) plus depreciation and amortization and shall be adjusted for charges related to: (i) restructuring our debt; (ii) redemption of preferred stock; (iii) litigation charges up to \$5.0 million; (v) non-cash charges for accounts and notes receivabl

For the three- and six- months ended June 30, 2011, we paid total dividends of \$38.8 million and \$79.0 million, respectively.

On July 14, 2011, the Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$0.40 per share, increasing the quarterly common dividend by \$0.02, or 5.3%, per share over the prior quarter. The common dividends are to be paid August 15, 2011 to common stockholders of record on August 1, 2011.

Liquidity

We believe our liquidity and various sources of available capital, including cash from operations, our existing availability under our 2010 Credit Facility and expected proceeds from mortgage payoffs are adequate to finance operations, meet recurring debt service requirements and fund future investments through the next twelve months.

We regularly review our liquidity needs, the adequacy of cash flow from operations, and other expected liquidity sources to meet these needs. We believe our principal short-term liquidity needs are to fund:

- normal recurring expenses;
- debt service payments;
- common stock dividends; and
- growth through acquisitions of additional properties.

The primary source of liquidity is our cash flows from operations. Operating cash flows have historically been determined by: (i) the number of facilities we lease or have mortgages on; (ii) rental and mortgage rates; (iii) our debt service obligations; and (iv) general and administrative expenses. The timing, source and amount of cash flows provided by financing activities and used in investing activities are sensitive to the capital markets environment, especially to changes in interest rates. Changes in the capital markets environment may impact the availability of cost-effective capital and affect our plans for acquisition and disposition activity.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$5.0 million as of June 30, 2011, a decrease of \$1.9 million as compared to the balance at December 31, 2010. The following is a discussion of changes in cash and cash equivalents due to operating, investing and financing activities, which are presented in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

<u>Operating Activities</u> – Net cash flow from operating activities generated \$77.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, as compared to \$65.9 million for the same period in 2010, an increase of \$11.2 million. The increase is primarily due to the rental revenue from June 2010 acquisition of 103 facilities from CapitalSource and the placement of an additional mortgage offset by additional interest associated with financing the acquisition and new mortgage and increased general and administrative costs associated with the acquisition.

<u>Investing Activities</u> – Net cash flow from investing activities was an outflow of \$13.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, as compared to an outflow of \$359.9 million for the same period in 2010. The decrease in cash outflow from investing activities relates primarily to the change in acquisition activities. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, we acquired \$343.2 million real estate facilities and invested \$17.0 million on capital improvement projects. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we acquired land for \$0.1 million and invested \$8.1 million on capital improvement projects. In addition, in 2011, we invested \$4.6 million related to two construction-to-permanent mortgage loans with one of our operators.



<u>Financing Activities</u> – Net cash flow from financing activities was an outflow of \$65.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 as compared to an inflow of \$293.8 million for the same period in 2010. The \$359.5 million change in financing activities was primarily due to the change in acquisition activity. In 2010, we raised debt and issued equity to fund acquisitions that occurred in June 2010. In addition to the changes in financing activity associated with financing our 2010 acquisitions, in 2011 we redeemed our preferred stock through the use of our credit facility; (ii) paid approximately \$16.4 million in additional dividends as a result of more shares outstanding; and (iii) increased our dividend per share in 2011 compared to 2010.

Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We do not enter into derivatives or other financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes, but we seek to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in interest rates by matching the term of new investments with new long-term fixed rate borrowing to the extent possible.

The interest rate charged on our 2010 Credit Facility can vary based on the interest rate option we choose to utilize. The interest rates per annum applicable to the 2010 Credit Facility are the reserve-adjusted LIBOR Rate (the "Eurodollar Rate"), plus the applicable margin (as defined below) or, at our option, the base rate, which will be the highest of (i) the rate of interest publicly announced by the administrative agent as its prime rate in effect, (ii) the federal funds effective rate from time to time plus 0.50% and (iii) the Eurodollar Rate for a Eurodollar Loan with an interest period of one month plus 1.25%, in each case, plus the applicable margin. The applicable margin with respect to the 2010 Credit Facility is determined in accordance with a performance grid based on our consolidated leverage ratio. The applicable margin may range from 4.25% to 3.25% in the case of Eurodollar Rate advances, from 3.0% to 2.0% in the case of base rate advances, and from 4.25% to 3.25% in the case of letter of credit fees. As of June 30, 2011, the total amount of debt outstanding on the 2010 Credit Facility was \$53.0 million, which is subject to interest rate fluctuations.

For additional information, refer to Item 7A as presented in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 4 – Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) are controls and other procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information that we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In connection with the preparation of this Form 10-Q, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2011. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of June 30, 2011.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the period covered by this report identified in connection with the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures described above that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 – Legal Proceedings

See Note 10 - Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 hereto, which is hereby incorporated by reference in response to this item.

Item 1A - Risk Factors

We filed our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2011, which sets forth our risk factors in Item 1A therein, as supplemented in Part II, Item 1A to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2011. We have not experienced any material changes from the risk factors previously described therein, except as set forth below:

Our operators depend on reimbursement from governmental and other third-party payors and reimbursement rates from such payors may be reduced.

Changes in the reimbursement rate or methods of payment from third-party payors, including the Medicare and Medicaid programs, or the implementation of other measures to reduce reimbursements for services provided by our operators, has in the past, and could in the future, result in a substantial reduction in our operators' revenues and operating margins. The federal government and many state governments are currently focusing on reducing expenditures under Medicare and Medicaid programs, resulting in significant cost-cutting at both the federal and state levels. These cost-cutting measures, together with the implementation of changes in reimbursement rates under the Healthcare Reform Law, could result in a significant reduction of reimbursement rates to our operators under both the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Additionally, net revenue realizable under third-party payor agreements can change after examination and retroactive adjustment by payors during the claims settlement processes or as a result of post-payment audits. Payors may disallow requests for reimbursement based on determinations that certain costs are not reimbursable or reasonable or because additional documentation is necessary or because certain services were not covered or were not medically necessary. There also continue to be new legislative and regulatory proposals that could impose further limitations on government and private payments to healthcare providers. In some cases, states have enacted or are considering enacting measures designed to reduce their Medicaid expenditures and to make changes to private healthcare insurance. We cannot assure you that adequate reimbursement levels will continue to be available for the services provided by our operators, which are currently being reimbursed by Medicare, Medicaid or private third-party payors. Significant limits on the scope of services reimbursed and on reimbursement rates could have a material adverse effect on our operators' liquidity, financial condition and results of operations, which could cause the revenues of our operators to decline and jeopardize their ability to meet their obligations to us.

Item 6 – Exhibits

Exhibit No.			
3.1	Amended and Restated Bylaws. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on April 20, 2011).		
10.1	First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Master Lease Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2011, by and among certain of Ome Healthcare Investors, Inc.'s subsidiaries, as lessors, and certain of Sun Healthcare Group, Inc.'s affiliates, as lessees.		
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer.		
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer.		
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer.		
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer.		
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.*		
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.*		
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.*		
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.*		
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.*		
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.*		

*In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this XBRL-related information shall be deemed to be "furnished" and not "filed."

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC. Registrant

Date: August 8, 2011

Date: August 8, 2011

- By: <u>/S/ C. TAYLOR PICKETT</u> C. Taylor Pickett Chief Executive Officer
- By: <u>/S/ ROBERT O. STEPHENSON</u> Robert O. Stephenson Chief Financial Officer

FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED

MASTER LEASE AGREEMENT

Among

THE LESSOR ENTITIES IDENTIFIED ON THE SIGNATURE PAGE HEREOF

THE LESSEE ENTITIES IDENTIFIED ON THE SIGNATURE PAGE HEREOF

Dated As Of

May 31, 2011

FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE AGREEMENT

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE AGREEMENT (this "<u>Amendment</u>"), is made and entered into on this 31st day of May, 2011 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>") by and among the lessor entities identified on the signature page hereof (collectively, the "<u>Lessor</u>," and where the context requires, each, a "<u>Lessor</u>"), the lessee entities listed on the signature page hereof (collectively, jointly and severally, the "<u>Lessee</u>," and where the context requires, each, a "<u>Lessee</u>").

RECITALS

The circumstances underlying the execution of this Amendment are as follows:

A. Lessor, as landlord, and Lessee, as lessee, are parties to that certain Third Amended and Restated Master Lease dated as of November 4, 2010 (the "Existing Lease"), pursuant to which Lessee leases forty (40) facilities from Lessor. All terms used in this Amendment and not defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Existing Lease.

B. Lessor and Lessee desire to amend the Existing Lease to provide for (i) certain capital improvements to the Facilities to be funded and performed by Lessor, and (ii) an increase in rent payable in connection with such improvements.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and other good and valuable consideration the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. <u>Definitions</u>.

(a) Any capitalized term used but not defined in this Amendment will have the meaning assigned to such term in the Existing Lease.

(b) In addition to the other definitions contained herein, when used in this Amendment the following terms shall have the following meanings:

2011 Facilities: means the Facilities listed on Exhibit A to this Amendment.

2011 Project(s): means the capital improvements listed on Exhibit A to this Amendment.

2011 Project Documents: has the meaning set forth in Section 2(b).

<u>Funded Amount</u>: means, with respect to each 2011 Project, the aggregate funds expended by Lessor on such 2011 Project, and with respect to all 2011 Projects, the aggregate funds expended by Lessor on all 2011 Projects.

Monthly 2011 Capex Rent: means, with respect to each 2011 Project, an amount equal to (A) the Funded Amount for such 2011 Project multiplied by (B) ten percent (10.00%) divided by (C) twelve (12).

Project Costs: means all costs and fees paid or accrued in connection with a 2011 Project.

Project Management Agreement: has the meaning set forth in Section 2(d).

Proposed 2011 Project Budget: has the meaning set forth in Section 2(b).

Proposed 2011 Project Description: has the meaning set forth in Section 2(b).

Proposed 2011 Project Timeline: has the meaning set forth in Section 2(b).

Substantial Completion Date: A 2011 Project will be complete only at such time as (i) all improvements to the 2011 Project called for in the Approved 2011 Project Documents have been substantially installed or completed in a manner reasonably satisfactory to Lessor and (ii) if required under law, a public authority has issued a final certification, consent or approval for such 2011 Project subject only to such conditions as may be reasonably acceptable to Lessor.

Target Completion Date: means the date that is identified as the anticipated Substantial Completion Date in the Project Description contemplated by Section 2(b) of this Amendment.

(c) The definition of the following capitalized term set forth in Section 2.1 of the Existing Lease is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

Rent: Collectively, the Base Rent, the Monthly 2011 Capex Rent and Additional Charges.

(d) From and after the date of this Amendment, each reference to the Existing Lease, means the Existing Lease as modified by this Amendment.

2. <u>2011 Projects</u>.

(a) <u>In General</u>. Lessor shall have the right at any time prior to December 31, 2012 to undertake, at its sole cost and expense, the 2011 Projects. In the event Lessor elects to undertake a 2011 Project the provisions of this Section 2 shall govern such 2011 Project.

(b) Project Description. Lessor shall submit to Lessee, for Lessee's review and approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, a reasonably detailed description of the 2011 Project (the "Proposed 2011 Project Description"), along with a proposed timeline for completion of the 2011 Project, which timeline shall include the anticipated Substantial Completion Date (the "Proposed 2011 Project Timeline"), and a proposed budget with respect thereto (the "Proposed 2011 Project Budget"). Lessor shall not commence the proposed 2011 Project until each of the Proposed 2011 Project Description, the Proposed 2011 Project Timeline, and the Proposed 2011 Project Budget have been approved by Lessee and once approved by Lessee such document shall be collectively referred to herein as the "Approved 2011 Project Documents." Lessor and Lessee acknowledge and agree that the Monthly 2011 Capex Rent shall be calculated based upon the actual funds expended by Lessor's reasonable legal counsel and due diligence costs, title insurance, survey, UCC searches and filing fees, if any, and the fees of Lessor's Architect and (ii) Lessor's financing costs related to the funds used to pay for the 2011 Project. Lessee acknowledges and agrees that the failure on the part of Lessor to include any cost in the Proposed 2011 Project Budget or in the Approved 2011 Project Documents, or to accurately estimate the amount of any such cost, shall not preclude Lessor from including the full amount of such cost in the Funded Amount.

(c) <u>General Contractor</u>. Lessor's obligation to undertake the 2011 Project shall be specifically conditioned on Lessor entering into a contract with a general contractor acceptable to Lessor in the exercise of its sole and absolute judgment and on terms and conditions acceptable to Lessor in the exercise of its sole and absolute judgment.

(d) <u>Project Management</u>. Lessor shall have the right, but not the obligation, in connection with any 2011 Project to engage Lessee (or one or more of its Affiliates) to supervise the day to day construction and completion of the 2011 Project pursuant to a project management agreement to be entered into by Lessor and Lessee on terms and conditions acceptable to Lessor in the exercise of its sole and absolute judgment (the "<u>Project Management Agreement</u>"). Lessee acknowledges and agrees that, for purposes of Section 16.1.12 of the Master Lease, it shall be an Event of Default under the Existing Lease if Lessee defaults in its obligations under the Project Management Agreement and such default is not cured within any cure period set forth in the Project Management Agreement (as compared to in Section 16.1.12) and the applicable 2011 Project is not completed by the Target Completion Date as a result of such uncured default under the Project Management Agreement.

(e) <u>Character of Construction</u>. All construction of the 2011 Projects will be of sound materials, in good and workmanlike manner, free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances (other than the liens and security interests securing the obligations of the Lessee under the Existing Lease), and in compliance with all laws, ordinances, regulations and restrictions affecting the applicable 2011 Facility and all requirements of all governmental authorities having jurisdiction over the applicable 2011 Facility and of the appropriate board of fire underwriters or other similar body, if any, and any applicable health care authority.

(f) <u>Records and Reports</u>. During the construction period and until six (6) months after each of the 2011 Projects is completed, Lessor will use commercially reasonable efforts to maintain accurate and complete books and records relating to each 2011 Project, including, but not limited to, (i) copies and lists of all paid and unpaid bills for labor and materials with respect to each 2011 Project, (ii) construction budgets and revisions thereof showing the estimated cost of each 2011 Projects and the source of the funds required at any given time to complete and pay for the same, (iii) receipted bills or other evidence of payment with respect to the cost of each 2011 Project, and (iv) such reports as to other matters relating to each 2011 Project as Lessee may reasonably request.

(g) Access. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Lease, Lessee will permit Lessor and Lessor's representatives to have access to any 2011 Facility at which a 2011 Project is being performed at all reasonable times and to conduct such investigations and inspections thereof as Lessor shall determine necessary, including without limitation in connection with inspecting all work done, labor performed and materials furnished in connection with each 2011 Project. Lessee will cooperate with Lessor and its representatives and agents during such inspections. All inspections that may be performed by Lessor and its agents will be exclusively for the benefit of Lessor and will impose no obligation whatsoever upon Lessor for the benefit of any person. No inspection by Lessor will create any obligation on Lessor other than the obligations otherwise specifically imposed on Lessor under this Amendment or the terms of any construction documents related to the 2011 Project to which Lessor may be a party or relieve Lessee of any obligation it may have under the Existing Lease.

(h) <u>Right to Withdraw a 2011 Project.</u> Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Section 2, Lessor shall have the right, on written notice to Lessee, to withdraw a 2011 Project prior to the commencement of construction thereof.

(i) <u>Funding of a 2011 Project.</u> Lessor shall be solely responsible for the payment of all Project Costs related to each 2011 Project.

3. 2011 Project Rent. From and after the first advance by Lessor of any portion of the Funded Amount with respect to one or more of the 2011 Projects, Lessee shall pay to Lessor the Monthly 2011 Capex Rent due with respect to the Lease Year in which such advance was/advances were made. The Monthly 2011 CapEx Rent applicable to each advance of the Funded Amount shall be due and payable commencing with the first month following the month in which such advance is made and shall be due and payable as and when the Litchfield Base Rent or Non-Litchfield Base Rent, as applicable, is payable under the Master Lease. Lessor and Lessee acknowledge and agree that twelve (12) times the Monthly 2011 Capex Rent as of the last month of the applicable Lease Year (including in such calculation of Monthly 2011 Capex Rent any amounts advanced during such month) shall be included as Litchfield Base Rent or Non-Litchfield Base Rent, as applicable, for "the previous Lease Year" in the calculation of the annual Litchfield Base Rent and Non-Litchfield Base Rent due during the subsequent Lease Year and accordingly that there shall be no carry over from one Lease Year to another of the Monthly 2011 Capex Rent. Set forth in Exhibit B to this Amendment is an example of the calculation of the Monthly 2011 Cap Ex Rent and the Base Rent from one Lease Year to another with respect to the 2011 Projects.

4. <u>Unavoidable Delay</u>. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Unavoidable Delay with respect to a 2011 Project and the giving of written notice thereof to Lessee, Lessor shall be temporarily released without any liability on its part from the performance of its obligations to complete such 2011 Project, but only to the extent and only for the period that their performance of each such obligation is prevented by the Unavoidable Delay. Such notice shall include a description of the nature of the Unavoidable Delay, and its cause and possible consequences. Lessor shall promptly notify the other party of the termination of the event giving rise to the Unavoidable Delay.

5 . <u>Expenses of Lessor</u>. All reasonable costs incurred by Lessor in connection with any 2011 Project, including, but not limited to, Lessor's reasonable legal counsel and due diligence costs, title insurance, survey, UCC searches and filing fees, if any, and the fees of Lessor's Architect shall be added to the Funded Amount for any 2011 Project.

6. <u>Indemnity</u>. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of Section 21.1 of the Existing Master Lease, Lessee will protect, indemnify, save harmless and defend Lessor, its principals, officers, directors and agents and employees from and against all liabilities, obligations, claims, damages, penalties, causes of action, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses), to the extent permitted by law, imposed upon or incurred by or asserted against Lessor by reason of the undertaking of the 2011 Projects, including, but not limited to, any liens, suits, proceedings, or actions in favor of or brought by any contractors engaged in connection with the 2011 Projects. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as indemnifying Lessor against its own grossly negligent acts or omissions or willful misconduct

7 . <u>Enforceability of Lease</u>. Except as expressly and specifically set forth in this Amendment, the Existing Lease remain unmodified and in full force and effect.

8 . <u>Execution and Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which, when so executed and delivered, shall be deemed to be an original, but when taken together shall constitute one and the same Amendment.

9 . <u>Headings: Exhibits</u>. Section headings used in this Amendment are for reference only and shall not affect the construction of the Agreement. All exhibits and attachments attached hereto are incorporated herein by this reference.

10. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Amendment together with the Existing Lease and the other Transaction Documents is intended by the parties to be a complete and exclusive statement of the agreement and understanding of the parties in respect of the subject matter contained herein and therein.

SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE

Signatures Pages To FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereby execute this First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Master Lease effective as of the day and year first set forth above.

LESSOR:

DELTA INVESTORS I, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company, and DELTA INVESTORS II, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company OHI ASSET, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company OHI ASSET (CA), LLC, a Delaware limited liability company OHI ASSET (CO), LLC, a Delaware limited liability company OHI ASSET (ID), LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: OMEGA HEALTHCARE INVESTORS, INC., a Maryland corporation, Its Member

By:	/s/ Daniel J. Booth
Name:	Daniel J. Booth
Title:	Chief Operating Officer

OHIMA, INC., a Massachusetts corporation

)

) ss.

By:	/s/ Daniel J. Booth
Name:	Daniel J. Booth
Title:	Chief Operating Officer

STATE OF MARYLAND

COUNTY OF BALTIMORE)

This instrument was acknowledged before me on the <u>31st</u> day of May, 2011, by <u>Daniel J. Booth</u>, the <u>COO</u> of OHIMA, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation, and Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc., a Maryland corporation, the sole member of Delta Investors I, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company, Delta Investors II, LLC, a Maryland limited liability company, OHI Asset, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, OHI Asset (CO), LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, on behalf of said corporations and companies.

Judith A. Jacobs Notary Public, Baltimore County, MD My commission expires: May 12, 2012

Signature Page - 1 of 3

Signatures Pages To FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE

LESSEE:

SUNBRIDGE CARE ENTERPRISES, INC., a Delaware corporation SUNBRIDGE CIRCLEVILLE HEALTH CARE CORP., an Ohio corporation SUNBRIDGE BECKLEY HEALTH CARE CORP., a West Virginia corporation SUNBRIDGE PUTNAM HEALTH CARE CORP., a West Virginia corporation SUNBRIDGE BRASWELL ENTERPRISES, INC., a California corporation SUNBRIDGE MEADOWBROOK REHABILITATION CENTER, a California corporation SUNBRIDGE DUNBAR HEALTH CARE CORP., a West Virginia corporation SUNBRIDGE MARION HEALTH CARE CORP., an Ohio corporation SUNBRIDGE SALEM HEALTH CARE CORP., a West Virginia corporation SUNBRIDGE REGENCY-NORTH CAROLINA, INC., a North Carolina corporation SUNBRIDGE HEALTHCARE, LLC, a New Mexico limited liability company SUNBRIDGE SHANDIN HILLS REHABILITATION CENTER, a California corporation SUNBRIDGE REGENCY-TENNESSEE, INC., a Tennessee corporation FALMOUTH HEALTHCARE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company MASHPEE HEALTHCARE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company WAKEFIELD HEALTHCARE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company WESTFIELD HEALTHCARE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company PEAK MEDICAL COLORADO NO. 2, INC., a Delaware corporation PEAK MEDICAL OF IDAHO, INC., a Delaware corporation PEAK MEDICAL OF BOISE, INC., a Delaware corporation

By:	/s/ Brandi Riddle
Name:	Brandi Riddle
Title:	Treasurer
STATE OF N	ew Mexico)

) ss.

COUNTY OF Bernalillo

Signature Page - 2 of 3

Signatures Pages To FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE

This instrument was acknowledged before me on the <u>12th</u> day of May, 2011, by <u>Brandi Riddle</u>, the <u>Treasurer</u> of SunBridge Care Enterprises, Inc., a Delaware corporation, SunBridge Circleville Health Care Corp., an Ohio corporation, SunBridge Beckley Health Care Corp., a West Virginia corporation, SunBridge Putnam Health Care Corp., a West Virginia corporation, SunBridge Braswell Enterprises, Inc., a California corporation, SunBridge Meadowbrook Rehabilitation Center, a California corporation, SunBridge Dunbar Health Care Corp., a West Virginia corporation, SunBridge Marion Health Care Corp., an Ohio corporation, SunBridge Salem Health Care Corp., a West Virginia corporation, SunBridge Regency-North Carolina, Inc., a North Carolina corporation, SunBridge Healthcare, LLC, a New Mexico limited liability company, SunBridge Shandin Hills Rehabilitation Center, a California corporation, SunBridge Regency-Tennessee, Inc., a Tennessee corporation, Falmouth Healthcare, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Mashpee Healthcare, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Wakefield Healthcare, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Westfield Healthcare, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Peak Medical of Idaho, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Peak Medical of Boise, Inc., a Delaware corporation, on behalf of said corporations and companies.

Virginia Lovelace

Notary Public, <u>NM</u> County, <u>Bernalillo</u> My commission expires: 6/2/14

Signature Page - 3 of 3

Acknowledgement Pages To FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE

The undersigned hereby consent to the transactions contemplated by this First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Master Lease, ratify and affirm their respective Guaranties and other Transaction Documents, and acknowledge and agree that the performance of the Master Lease and other Transaction Documents and obligations described therein are secured by their Guaranties and other Transaction Documents on the same terms and conditions in effect prior to this amendment.

SUN HEALTHCARE GROUP, INC., a Delaware corporation

By:	/s/ Brandi Riddle	
Name:	Brandi Riddle	
Title:	Treasurer	

HARBORSIDE HEALTHCARE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

 By:
 /s/ Brandi Riddle

 Name:
 Brandi Riddle

 Title:
 Treasurer

PEAK MEDICAL, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By:	/s/ Brandi Riddle	
Name:	Brandi Riddle	
Title:	Treasurer	

Acknowledgement Page - 1 of 1

Exhibit A To FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE

Description of 2011 Projects

FACILITY	ESTIMATED FUNDED AMOUNT	PROJECT DESCRIPTION
SunBridge Care & Rehab for LaFollette	\$3,700,000	Cosmetic improvements to the Facility, addition within the Facility of a 20 bed rehab recover suite ("RRS"), addition of a physical
LaFollette, TN		therapy department to the Facility and acquisition of a free standing storage building to be located outside of the Facility
SunBridge Care & Rehab for Lexington	\$2,500,000	Addition within the Facility of a 29 bed RRS, conversion of space in the basement of the Facility into a therapy gym, addition of a
Lexington, NC		elevator on the exterior of the Facility to create access to the gym and cosmetic improvements to the areas of the Facility affected by the foregoing
Pueblo Extended Care Center	\$3,000,000 Lessor does not anticipate	Addition within the Facility of a 22 bed RRS, conversion of space in the Facility into a therapy gym, upgrades to the HVAC and
Pueblo, CO	commencing such project until the facility has cleared its "special focus facility" status	ventilation systems, roof replacement, parking lot improvements, foundation repair and replacement and cosmetic improvements to the areas of the Facility affected by the foregoing
Wakefield Nursing and Rehabilitation Center	\$3,300,000	Extensive cosmetic renovation to the Facility, including improvements to the existing RRS and therapy gym and the development of new common areas within the Facility and HVAC system upgrades
Wakefield, MA		

Exhibit A - Page 1 of 1

Exhibit B To

FIRST AMENDMENT TO THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER LEASE

Sample Calculation of Monthly 2011 Capex Rent inclusion in Base Rent

Exhibit B - Page 1 of 1

RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Certification

I, C. Taylor Pickett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2011

/S/ C. TAYLOR PICKETT

C. Taylor Pickett Chief Executive Officer

RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Certifications

I, Robert O. Stephenson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2011

/S/ ROBERT O. STEPHENSON Robert O. Stephenson Chief Financial Officer

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, C. Taylor Pickett, hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:

(1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 8, 2011

<u>/S/ C. TAYLOR PICKETT</u> C. Taylor Pickett Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Robert O. Stephenson, hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 8, 2011

<u>/S/ ROBERT O. STEPHENSON</u> Robert O. Stephenson Chief Financial Officer